# FOURTH EDITION

Jack C. Richards
with Jonathan Hull and Susan Proctor



WORKBOOK





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Series Editor: David Bohlke

www.irlanguage.com



WORKBOOK



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# **Credits**

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# A time to remember

# 1

#### Past tense

A Write the past tense of these verbs.

Verb	Past tense	Verb	Past tense
be	was / were	hide	le <del>de la constant</del>
become		laugh	14 A
do		lose	
email		move	
get		open	MANUAL MINOR SELECTION OF SHARE
get have		scream	Albaner Scanner (1981) ale



**B** Complete this paragraph. Use the past tense of each of the verbs in part A.

My best friend in school <u>was</u> Michael.
He and I in Mrs. Gilbert's third-grade
class, and we friends.
We often crazy things in class, but I don't
think Mrs. Gilbert ever really mad at us.
For example, Michael a pet monkey named
Bananas. Sometimes he it in Mrs. Gilbert's
desk. Later, when she the
drawer, she always loudly,
and the class After two
years, Michael's family to another town.
We each other for a few years, but then
we contact. I often wonder what
he's doing now.

## Complete the questions in this conversation.

Mary: Welcome to the building. My name's Mary Burns. Sílvio: Hello. I'm Sílvio Mendes. It's nice to meet you. Mary: Nice to meet you, too. Are you from around here? Sílvio: No, I'm from Brazil. Mary: Oh, really? Were you born in Brazil? Sílvio: No, I wasn't born there, actually. I'm originally from Portugal. Mary: That's interesting. So, when Sílvio: I moved to Brazil when I was in elementary school. Mary: Where \_\_\_\_\_\_? Sílvio: We lived in Recife. It's a beautiful city in northeast Brazil. Then I went to college. to school in Recife? Mary: \_\_\_ Sílvio: No, I went to school in São Paulo. Mary: And what \_\_\_\_\_ Sílvio: Oh, I studied engineering. But I'm here to go to graduate school. Mary: Great! When \_\_\_\_\_ Sílvio: I arrived last week. I start school in three days. Mary: Well, good luck. And sorry for all the questions!



## Answer these questions.

- Where were you born?
- 2. Did your family move when you were a child?
- 3. Did you have a favorite teacher in elementary school?
- 4. What hobbies did you have when you were a kid?
- 5. When did you begin to learn English?





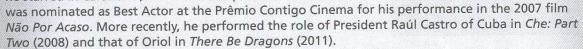
#### Rodrigo Santoro

A Scan the article about Rodrigo Santoro. Where is he from? What does he do?

Rodrigo Santoro was born in 1975 in Petrópolis, near Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. As a child, he used to organize puppet performances during family vacations. When he was studying communications in college, he started acting in television soap operas, such as Olho no Olho in 1993 and Hilda Furacão in 1998.

After his success in soap operas, Santoro started acting in Brazilian films. His first big role was in *Bicho de Sete Cabeças* in 2001. The movie is about a young man who is wrongly kept in a mental hospital. For this role, he won the Best Actor Award at the Cartagena Film Festival. This success led to Hollywood. In 2003, Santoro acted in three movies: *Charlie's Angels: Full Throttle*, with Drew Barrymore; *The Roman Spring of Mrs. Stone*, with Helen Mirren; and *Love Actually*, with Hugh Grant. His performance as King Xerxes of Persia in the movie 300 was nominated as Best Villain at the MTV Movie Awards in 2007.

During this time, Santoro continued working in Brazil. In 2003, he starred in *Carandiru*, a film about a prison in São Paulo. He



With this heavy workload, Santoro balances his life in Rio de Janeiro by reading, listening to music, and meditating. He also loves sports. In 2008, he played soccer with such international stars as Luís Figo and Alan Shearer for Soccer Aid, a charity that raises money for the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

**B** Check (✓) True or False. For statements that are false, write the correct information.

	True	False
Rodrigo Santoro studied acting in college.		0
2. He won an award for his role in <i>Bicho de Sete Cabeças</i> .		
3. He worked in Brazil before he worked in Hollywood.		
4. He won an MTV Movie Award for the role of King Xerxes.		0
5. He always plays very similar roles.		
6. He once played soccer for a children's charity.	0	
	18	3

Choose the correct word	or phrase.
3. We used to go to	(cat / beach / crayon) called Felix (video games / summer camp / toys) during our
vacations. It was really fur  4. There was a great  We used to go there ever	(fish / playground / soccer) in our neighborhood.
Look at these childhood Complete the sentences	pictures of Kate and her brother Peter. using used to.
WELCOME CAMPERS	1. In the summer, Kate and Peter sometimes  used to go to summer camp.
さんが	They also  Their dog Bruno always used to follow them.
	3. Kate every weekend during summer vacation. She hardly eve goes now.
	4. Peter They're now worth a lot of money.
CONTIGEN OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	5. They They don't have any pets now.

	45	ß	×		
L				j	
	9		λ		
	7	i			
	200				

#### Look at the answers. Write the questions using used to.

- - B: No, we didn't. We used to win!



8

### How have you changed in the last five years? Write answers to these questions.

1.	What hobbies did you use to have five years ago? What hobbies do you
	have now?
	lused to
	Now,
2.	What kind of music did you use to like then? What kind of music do
	you like now?
	Application in the
3.	What kinds of clothes did you use to like to wear? What kinds of clothes
	do you like to wear now?

## Complete the sentences. Use the past tense of the verbs given.

Ma	ria:	I'm an immigrant here.						
		was (be) born in Chile						
		and (grow up) there.						
		(come) here in 2005.						
		(not be) very happy at						
		first. Things (be) difficult						
		for me. I (not speak)						
		English, so I (go) to a						
		community college and (study)  English there. My English (get)						
		better, and I (find)						
		this job. What about you?						
X 444	ida da la compansión de l La compansión de la compa							
Cl	hoc	ose the correct responses.						
1	Δ٠	Are you from Toronto?						
**		No, I'm originally from Morocco.						
	٥.	No, I'm originally from Morocco.						
		Neither am I.						
2.	A:	Tell me a little about yourself.						
	B:							
		<ul><li>Sure. Nice to meet you.</li><li>What do you want to know?</li></ul>						
3.	A:	How old were you when you moved here?						
	B:							
		<ul><li>About 16.</li><li>About 16 years ago.</li></ul>						
4.	A:	Did you learn English here?						
	B:	on counts are sould heath as Louise ver, use						
		<ul><li>Yes, I was 10 years old.</li><li>No, I studied it in Morocco.</li></ul>						
5.	A:	By the way, I'm Lisa.						
	B:							
		<ul><li>What's your name?</li><li>Glad to meet you.</li></ul>						

# Caught in the rush

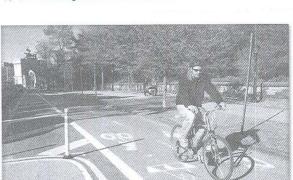


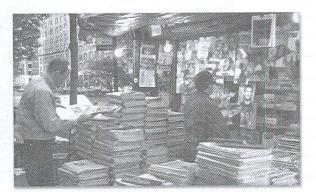
Choose the correct compound noun for each picture.

- bicycle lane bus stop
- newsstand streetlights
- taxi stand traffic jam



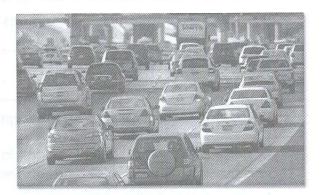
1. streetlights

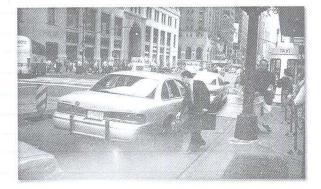




5.







## Problems, problems

A Choose a solution for each problem.

Problems hulld a nublic parking garage	Solutions
. no more parking spaces: build a public parking garage	install modern streetlights
2. dark streets:	build a subway system
3. no places to take children:	install more traffic lights
1. crime:	hire more police officers build more parks
5. car accidents:	build a public parking garage
5. traffic jams:	
<b>B</b> Look at these solutions. Write sentences explaining the pro Use too much, too many, or not enough and the problems in pa	
1. There aren't enough parking spaces.	
The city should build a public parking garage.  2.	
The city should install more traffic lights.  3	
The city should build a subway system.  4.	
The city should hire more police officers.  5	
The city should build more parks.  6	
The city should install modern streetlights.	
Find another way to say the problems in part B. Begin each sentence with <i>There should be more/less/fewer</i>	1
1. There should be more parking spaces.	
2	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

#### City blues

A Match the words in columns A and B. Write the compound nouns.

A	В	
air air	district	1. air pollution
business	garages	2
commuter	hour	3
parking	lines	4
police	Officers	5
public public	opollution	6
rush	transportation	7

**B** Complete this online post using the compound nouns in part A.

HOME HEAD	LINES LOCAL NEWS INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS SPORTS CONTACT US
Life in this cir is too much k is terrible. Th many people I think there stop traffic ja too much mo work. Howey	ty needs to be improved. For one thing, there are too many cars, and there ad air, especially duringrush hour The ais problem is particularly bad downtown in the Too drive their cars to work.  Should be more at busy intersections. They could ams. We also need fewer downtown. The city spends oney building them. It's so easy to park that too many people drive to er, the city doesn't spend enough money on There a to the suburbs.
	ngraphs about a problem in a city you know. First describe then suggest solutions.
	Secured to the contract to several results and the second of the contract of t
V 1045	The second secon



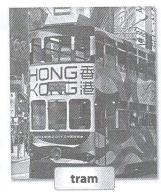
#### Transportation in Hong Kong

A Read about transportation in Hong Kong. Match the photos to the descriptions in the article.



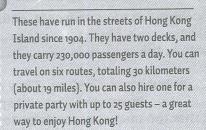






# **Getting Around Hong Kong**

Hong Kong has an excellent transportation system. If you fly there, you will arrive at one of the most modern airports in the world. And during your visit, there are many ways to get around Hong Kong.



Take one of these to cross from Hong Kong Island to Kowloon or to visit one of the other islands. You can also use them to travel to Macau and Guangdong. They are very safe and comfortable, and one of the cheapest boat rides in the world.

Hong Kong's underground railway is called the MTR – the Mass Transit Railway. It is the fastest way to get around. You can catch one from the airport to all the major centers in Hong Kong. The MTR carries 2.3 million passengers a day.

This is found on Hong Kong Island. It pulls you up Victoria Peak, which is 552 meters (about 1,800 feet) above sea level, the highest mountain on the island. The system is over 120 years old. In that time, there has never been an accident. Two cars carry up to 120 passengers each.



**B** Complete the chart about each type of transportation. Where you cannot find the information, write *NG* (not given).

	cable railway	ferry subway tram
<ol> <li>How old is it?</li> <li>How many people use it?</li> <li>How safe is it?</li> <li>Where can you go?</li> </ol>		

☐ ATM	AIRPOR
1. A: Could you tell me where I can buy some perfume?  B: You should try the <u>duty-free shop</u> .	INFORMATIO
2. A: Can you tell me where the buses are?	2
B: Yeah, there's a just outside this building.	
3. A: Do you know where I can change money?	A FEE LEVEL
B: There's a money exchange on the second floor.	
There's also an over there.	
4. A: Do you know what time the last train leaves	
for the city?	
B: No, but I can check the	
5. A: Could you tell me where the taxi stand is?	
B: Sure. Just follow that	
Complete the questions in this conversation at a hotel.	
Guest: Could you tell me where the gym is	?
Clerk: Sure, the gym is on the nineteenth floor.	
Guest: OK. And can you	?
Guest: OK. And can you	

#### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- 1. There are too many cars in this city. (fewer)
  There should be fewer cars in this city.
- 2. We need fewer buses and cars downtown. (traffic)
- 3. Where's the subway station? (Could you)
- 4. There isn't enough public parking. (parking garages)
- 5. How often does the bus come? (Do you)
- 6. What time does the last train leave? (Can you)

# 8

#### Answer these questions about your city or another city you know.



- 1. Are there any traffic-free zones? If so, where are they located?
- 2. How do most people travel to and from work?
- 3. What's the rush hour like?
- 4. What's the city's biggest problem?
- 5. What has the city done about it?
- 6. Is there anything else the city could do?

# Time for a change!

# **Opposites**

A Write the opposites. Use the words in the box.

dark	Oold
expensive	afe safe
inconvenient	mall small
noisy	spacious s

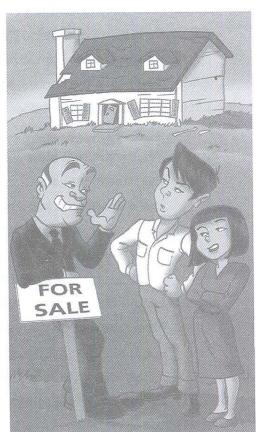
- 1. convenient / inconvenient
- 3. dangerous / \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. big/\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. bright /\_\_\_\_\_
- - 7. quiet/\_\_\_\_\_
  - 8. cheap/\_\_\_\_\_

B Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using not... enough or too and the words in part A.

1. The house is too expensive.

The house isn't cheap enough.

- 2. The rooms aren't bright enough.
- 3. The living room isn't spacious enough for the family.
- 4. The bathroom is too old.
- 5. The yard isn't big enough for our pets.
- 6. The street is too noisy for us.
- 7. The neighborhood is too dangerous.
- 8. The location isn't convenient enough.



#### Grammar note: enough

Enough comes <u>after</u> adjectives but <u>before</u> nouns. adjective + enough enough + noun

It isn't spacious enough.

There isn't enough space.

The rooms aren't light enough. It doesn't have enough light.

- enough
- 1. The apartment isn't comfortable.
- 2. There aren't bedrooms.
- 3. It's not modern.
- 4. There aren't parking spaces.
- 5. The neighborhood doesn't have streetlights.
- 6. There aren't closets.
- 7. It's not private.
- 8. The living room isn't spacious.

Complete this conversation. Use the words given and the comparisons in the box. (Some of the comparisons in the box can be used more than once.)

the rent on the house, but the

almost as as	just as many as
as many as	not as as
	<del>immunianimminimminimmini</del> m
Realtor: How did vo	ou like the house on Twel

house is much bigger. (expensive) Oh, I can't decide.

Can you show me something else?





## Home, sweet home

A Complete this questionnaire about where you live, and find your score below.

Are you close enough to shopping?  Is there enough public transportation nearby?  Are the sidewalks clean?  Are there good restaurants in the neighborhood?  It sounds like dream home!  Is the neighborhood quiet?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  It sounds like dream home!  It sounds like dream hom	u have?
Are the sidewalks clean?  Are there good restaurants in the neighborhood?  It sounds like dream home list the neighborhood guiet?  It she neighborhood quiet?  It she neighborhood safe?  It she neighborhood safe?  It shere enough parking nearby?  It shere enough parking nearby?  It shere enough bedrooms?  It shere enough bedrooms?  It shere enough closet space?  It shere enough closet space?  It shere enough space in the kitchen?  It shere enough space in the enough space in the kitchen?  It shere enough space in the enough space in the kitchen?	
Are the sidewalks clean?  Are there good restaurants in the neighborhood?  It sounds like dream home.  Is the neighborhood quiet?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  In the inside  Are there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  It sounds like dream home.  It so	à
Are there good restaurants in the neighborhood?  It sounds like dream home!  Is there a park nearby?  Is the neighborhood quiet?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  It sounds like dream home!  It sounds like dream h	a
Is there a park nearby?  Is the neighborhood quiet?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  Is there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Is there a park nearby?  In the park nearby	2000 1000
Is the neighborhood quiet?  Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  Is there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Is the neighborhood quiet?  Great! All you need now is a swimming portion.  Swimming portion.  Well, at least guests won't want to stay too long!  O-5  Time to look for a better.	Par 3 1/1/4
Is the neighborhood safe?  Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  G-10  Well, at least guests won't want to stay is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Great! All you need now is a swimming possion.  Well, at least guests won't want to stay too long!  Time to look for a better	
Is there enough parking nearby?  Does the outside of your home look good?  6-10  Well, at least guests won't want to stay is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?	
Does the outside of your home look good?  6–10  Well, at least guests won't want to stay too long!  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?	
Are there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?	oji.
Are there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Well, at least guests won't want to stay too long!  O-5  Time to look for a better	
Are there enough bedrooms?  Is there enough closet space?  Is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Guests won't want to stay too long!  O-5  Time to look for a better	
Is there enough closet space?  Is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  want to stay too long!  0-5  Time to look for a better	1
Is the bathroom modern?  Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  too long!  0–5  Time to look for a better	
Is there a washing machine?  Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  O-5  Time to look for a better	
Is there enough space in the kitchen?  Do the stove and refrigerator work well?  Time to look for a better	
Do the stove and refrigerator work well? for a better	
Is the living room comfortable enough?	
Is the dining area big enough?	
Are the walls newly painted?	
Are the rooms bright enough?	
Is the building warm enough in cold weather?	
te two short paragraphs about where you live. In the first paragraph be your neighborhood, and in the second paragraph describe your home. e information in part A or your own information.	

healthy

A Which words or phrases often go with which verbs? Complete the chart.

Italian more free time	happier healthy	my own room somewhere else	karate to a new place
			move

B Describe what these people would like to change. Use I wish and words or phrases in part A.





1. I wish I were healthy.







5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: I wish I had an easier life.
  - B: Why?
    - Why?
    - I don't like my job, either.
- 2. A: I wish I could retire.

B:

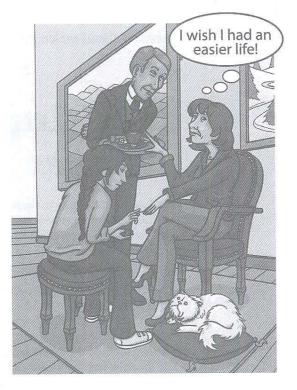
- I don't like it anymore.
- I know what you mean.
- 3. A: Where do you want to move?

B٠

- Somewhere else.
- Something else.
- 4. A: I wish I could find a bigger apartment.

B:

- Is it too large?
- It's very nice, though.



# 7

# Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

1. There should be more bedrooms in my apartment. (enough)

There aren't enough bedrooms in my apartment.

- 2. This neighborhood is safe enough. (dangerous)
- 3. My apartment doesn't have enough privacy. (private)
- 4. Our house has the same number of bedrooms as yours. (just as many)
- 5. I don't have enough closet space. (wish)
- 6. We wish we could move to a new place. (somewhere else)
- 7. That apartment is too small. (big)
- 8. I wish housework were easy. (not difficult)

A Scan the article about making wishes. Which three countries does it refer to?

# Making Wishes

All over the world, people have always wished for things, such as peace, love, good health, and money. Over hundreds of years, people in different countries have found different ways to make wishes. Here are some interesting examples.

The Trevi Fountain in Rome, Italy, is a place where many people go to make a wish. The water from the fountain flows into a large pool of water below. To make a wish, visitors stand facing away from the fountain. Then, they use their right hand to throw a coin into the pool over their left shoulder. They believe this will bring them luck and bring them back to Rome one day. The coins in the fountain, several thousand euros each day, are given to poor people.

A very different way of making wishes happens in Anhui province in eastern China. Huangshan (which





means "Yellow Mountain") is famous for its beautiful sunrises and sunsets. That's why people think it is a very romantic place. Couples go there to make a wish that they will stay together forever. Each couple buys a "love lock," or padlock, with a key. Next, they lock their padlock to a chain at the top of the mountain. Then they throw the key down the mountain so that their lock can never be opened.

In Turkey and some neighboring countries, May 5 is a special day for making wishes. People believe that each year on that day two wise men return to earth. They come to help people and give them good health. In the evening, there are street food markets selling different kinds of seasonal food and musicians playing traditional music. People write their wishes on pieces of paper and then attach the paper to a tree. Nowadays, however, some people go online and send their wishes to special websites.



**B** Read the article. Check  $(\checkmark)$  the statements that are true for each place.

	Rome	Huangshan	Turkey
<ol> <li>People make wishes only once a year.</li> <li>You need a lock and key.</li> <li>You put your wish on a tree.</li> <li>You need a coin to make your wish.</li> <li>Wish-making is only for couples.</li> <li>The money from the wishes goes to poor people.</li> <li>Some people make their wishes on the Internet.</li> </ol>			





# I've never heard of that!

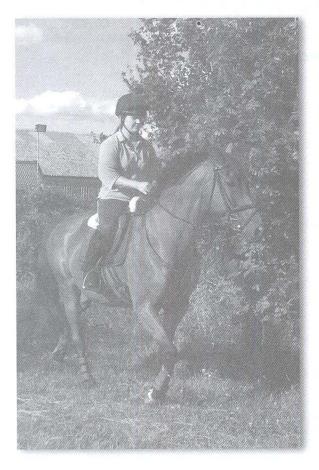
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### Complete the conversation with the correct tense.

sabel:	I went to Sunrise Beach last week.
	Have you ever been
	(Did you ever go / Have you ever been)
	to Sunrise Beach, Andy?
Andy:	Yes, It's beautiful. (I did / I have)
	there on
	(Did you go / Have you gone)
	the weekend?
Isabel:	Yeah, I (did / have)
	I on Sunday.
	(went / have gone)
	at 4:00 A.M.
	(I got up / I've gotten up)
Andy:	Wow! that early! (I never woke up / I've never woken up)
Isabel:	Oh, it wasn't so bad. I
	(got / have gotten)
	to the beach early to see the sun come up.
	a sunrise on a beach, Andy?
	(Did you ever see / Have you ever seen)
Andy:	No, (I didn't / I haven't)
Isabel:	Then I swimming (went / have gone)
	around 6:00, but there were some strange dark shadows
	in the water of sharks at Sunrise Beach?
	(Did you ever hear / Have you ever heard)
	Yes,   a news report about sharks last summer. (heard / have heard)
Isabel	: Gee! Maybe I a lucky escape on Sunday morning! Why don't you (had / have had)
	come with me next time?
Andv	: Are you kidding?

#### Have you ever...?

▲ Look at this list and check (✓) five things you have done. Add other activities if necessary.



ao horseback riding
acook for over 10 people
eat raw fish
go to a classical concert
have green tea ice cream
read a novel in English
nide a motorcycle
take a cruise
travel abroad
try Indian food
0
0
0
0

**B** Write questions about the things you checked in part A. Use *Have you* ever...?

1.	Have you ever had green tea
	ice cream?
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

C Answer the questions you wrote in part B. Then use the past tense to give more information.

1. Yes, I have. I had some in a

Japar	1ese rest	caurant.	lt was o	lelicious!
0				
		- 1		
				11
				3,3

#### Do I have a food allergy?

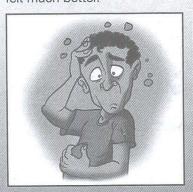
A Scan the article. What kinds of food can cause allergies?

# FOOD ALLERGIES



Luis always had headaches and stomachaches. First, Luis's doctor gave him some medicine, but it didn't work. Then his doctor asked him about his

favorite foods. Luis said he loved cake and ice cream. His doctor said, "Stop eating sweets." Luis stopped, but he still got headaches and stomachaches. Next, his doctor asked more questions about his diet. Luis said he ate a lot of fish. His doctor said to stop eating fish. When Luis stopped eating fish, he felt much better.





Sharon often had a very sore mouth after eating. First, she stopped drinking milk

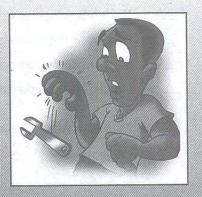
and eating cheese, but this made no difference. Then, in the summer, the problem became really bad, and it was difficult for Sharon to eat. Her doctor asked about her diet. She said she had a tomato garden, and she ate about 10 tomatoes a day. Sharon's doctor told her not to eat tomatoes. When she stopped eating tomatoes, Sharon's mouth got better.





mechanic, but he was not able to

hold his tools. His hands were swollen. First, he went to his doctor, and she gave him some medicine. The medicine didn't work. He still couldn't hold his tools. After that, his doctor asked him about his diet. Fred told her he ate a lot of bread. She told him not to eat bread or pasta. After 10 days, Fred could hold his tools again.



**B** Read the article. What problem did each person have? Complete the first column of the chart.

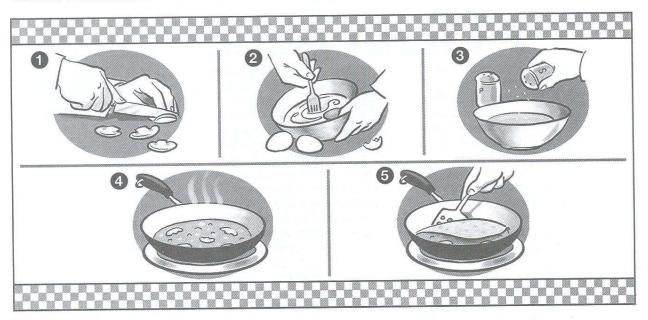
	Problem	What didn't work	What worked
Luis	sss	*	
Sharon	M		
Fred	8		

C Read the article again. What didn't work? What did work? Complete the rest of the chart.



#### Eggs, anyone?

A Here's a recipe for a mushroom omelet. Look at the pictures and number the sentences from 1 to 5.



- After that, pour the eggs into a frying pan. Add the mushrooms and cook.Then beat the eggs in a bowl.
- Next, add salt and pepper to the egg mixture.
- \_\_\_\_ Finally, fold the omelet in half. Your omelet is ready. Enjoy!
- **B** Describe your favorite way to cook eggs. Use sequence adverbs.

How to cook:	
	and And III

# Complete the conversation. Use the past tense or the present perfect of the verbs given.



Sylvia:	<u>went</u> (go) to a Thai restaurant last night.
Jason:	Really? I (never eat) Thai food.
Sylvia:	Oh, you should try it. It's delicious!
Jason:	What you (order)?
Sylvia:	First, I (have) soup with green curry and
	rice. Then I (try) pad thai. It's noodles,
	shrimp, and vegetables in a spicy sauce.
Jason:	(not taste) pad thai before (be)
	it very hot?
Sylvia:	No. It (be) just spicy enough. And after
	that, I (eat) bananas in coconut milk
	for dessert.
Jason:	Mmm! That sounds good.
Svlvia:	It was.
Choo	se the correct word.
4 14/	Lead of the same and chine on Saturday night while we watched TV
	had delicious guacamole dip and chips on Saturday night while we watched TV.
	ras a greatsnack (dinner / snack / meal).
	d a huge lunch, so I (ordered / skipped / tried) dinner.
	at (appetizers / ingredients / skewers) do
1120	need to cook crispy fried noodles?
	t, fry the beef in oil and curry powder and then
20.5	our / mix / toast) the coconut milk over the beef.
5. We	need to leave the restaurant now. Could we have the
-	(check / recipe / menu), please?

Yuck! That sounds awful. That sound	s strange.	Mmm! Tl	nat sounds	good.	
A: Have you ever tried barbecued chicker     in barbecue sauce for about an hour ar					
B:      A: Here's a recipe called Baked Eggplant [	elight. I usually	y bake eg	gplant for		
an hour, but this says you bake it for or				*	
B:		seen that	: before.		
В;					
Crossword puzzle: Verbs					
	se verbs to com	nplete the	crosswor	d puzzl	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the	se verbs to com	nplete the	crosswor	d puzzl	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the	Irive forg	jet 🖳		d puzzl	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the		jet 🖳	have	ride	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the be bring decide break buy do	Irive forg	jet 🖳	have	ride	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a	Irive forg	get	have make	ride	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.	drive forg	get	have make	ride	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the beautiful beautiful buy do	drive forg	get	have make	ride	e.
Use the simple past or present perfect of the beautiful break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.  3   all the ingredients with me.  7 you eat a huge dinner last night?	drive forg	jet a la	have make	ride	e. 7
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.  3   all the ingredients with me.  7 you eat a huge dinner last night?  8 We my mother to the new	Irive forg	the e	have make	ride	e. 7
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.  3   all the ingredients with me.  7 you eat a huge dinner last night?  8 We my mother to the new Chilean restaurant.  11   haven't a birthday gift to my	drive forg	the e	have make	ride	e. 7
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.  3 I all the ingredients with me.  7 you eat a huge dinner last night?  8 We my mother to the new Chilean restaurant.	Irive forg	the e	have make	ride skip	e. 7
Use the simple past or present perfect of the bring decide break buy do  Across  1 We have never to a Chinese restaurant.  3   all the ingredients with me.  7 you eat a huge dinner last night?  8 We my mother to the new Chilean restaurant.  11   haven't a birthday gift to my father yet.	drive forg	the e	have make	ride skip	e. 7

10 Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_ Peruvian ceviche?

It's delicious.

2 Oh, I'm sorry. I just \_\_\_\_\_ a glass.

4 Victor \_\_\_\_ Chinese chicken for dinner.

# Going places

Vacation plans  A Which words or phr Complete the chart. Us			
a camper camping a car a condominium long walks	lots of hiking my email my reading my studying on vacation	sailing lessons some fishing something exciting swimming a vacation	
take long walks	do		go
rent	catch up	on	
Write four things you the information in part Vacation plans  1	t A or your own infor		e going to and
	s about your nossib	le vacation plans. Use	will with maybe,
probably, I guess, or I the Possible plans 1 2	nink. Use the informa		

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		9	А	
	~	16		
			- 5	

Complete the conversation. Use be going to or will and the information on the notepads.

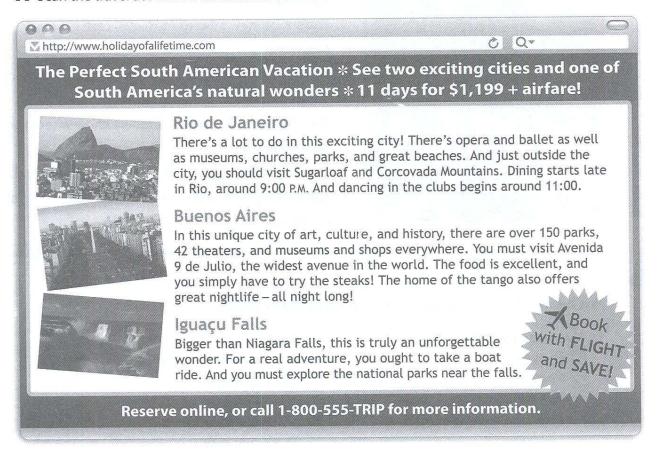
		C4_35
Dave:	So, Stella, do you have any vacation plans?	Stella's Pad
Stella:	Well, I'm going to paint my apartment because	paint my apartment-yes
	the walls are a really ugly color. What about you?	catch up on my studying - probably
Dave:	and take a long drive	e. relax on the beach -yes
Stella:	Where are you going to go?	Seach - yes
Dave:	I'm not sure	
	I haven't seen her in a long time.	DAVE'S PAD
Stella:	That sounds nice. I like to visit my family, too.	rent a car yes
Dave:	Yes, and for a	visit my sister go to probably mount he
	few days. I haven't been hiking in months. How about you?	go to the mountains maybe
	Are you going to do anything else on your vacation?	mountains.
Stella:	I have a lot	may6e
	of work to do before school starts.	
Dave:	That doesn't sound like much fun.	
Stella:	Oh, I am planning to have some fun, too.	
	I love to swim in th	e ocean!
X COMMUNIC		SKIENININISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINISKA KARINI
Trav	el plans	
Alo	ok at these answers. Write questions using be going to.	
	Where are you going to go?	
	I'm going to go someplace nice and quiet.	
	Till gollig to go somepiace mee and quee	
	I'm going to drive.	*
1-12	I'm going to stay in a condominium. My friend has one nea	r the beach.
	No, I'm going to travel by myself.	
	se the cues to write other answers to the questions in part A	
	n not going to go to a busy place.	
3		(not stay / hotel)
4		(I think / ask a friend)





#### Travel ads

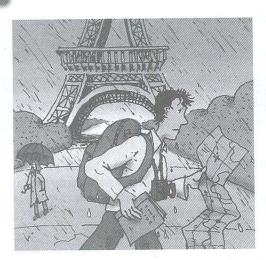
A Scan the travel ad. Where can tourists see beautiful nature scenes?



**B** Read the ad. Check (✓) True or False. For the statements that are false, write the correct information.

		True	False
1.	People have dinner late in Rio de Janeiro.		
2.	Buenos Aires has the longest avenue in the world.		0
3.	Niagara Falls is bigger than Iguaçu Falls.		0
4.	Both Rio de Janeiro and Buenos Aires have exciting nightlife.		
5.	Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires, and Iguaçu Falls have unforgettable parks and beaches.	0	
		-	

### Circle the correct word or words to give advice to travelers.



1. A vacation to a foreign country

an overnight bag
a passport

- 1. You ought (check / (to check)) the weather.
- You should never (leave / to leave) cash in your hotel room.
- 3. You need (take / to take) your credit card with you.
- 4. You have (pay / to pay) an airport tax.

3. A sailing trip

a hotel reservation

a first-aid kit

- 5. You should (let / to let) your family know where they can contact you.
- 6. You'd better not (go / to go) out alone late at night.
- 7. You must (get / to get) a vaccination if you go to some countries.

# Take it or leave it?

A Check (✓) the most important item to have in each situation.

	a driver's license	an ATM card
2.	A mountain-climbing vacation 4.  a suitcase a visa hiking boots	A visit to a temple a credit card suitable clothes a plane ticket
	Give advice to these people. Use the words o	
	ought to need to should	✓ had better ('d better)
1.	Yuko is going on a vacation to a foreign cour She'd better take a passport.	ntry.
2.	Michelle and Steven are going on a mountai	n-climbing vacation.
3.	Philip and Julia are planning a sailing trip.	
4.	Jack is going to visit a temple.	

#### You don't need to take that!

Your friends are planning to drive across North America and camp along the way. What advice can you give them? Write eight sentences using the expressions in the box and some of the cues below.

You don't have to . . . You ought to . . .
You have to . . . You should . . .
You must . . You shouldn't . . .
You need to . . You'd better . . .



bring cooking equipment
buy good quality camping equipment
buy maps and travel guides
forget a first-aid kit
forget your passport or identification
get a GPS device for your car

pack a lot of luggage remember to bring insect spray remember to bring a jacket take a credit card take a lot of cash take your driver's license

1. You ha	ave to bring o	ooking equ	iipment.			
2		V				
3		dr. Jan. A. S.		y Phan		
4				ACC.		
5			- Harrison	6		77.77
6						
7					77	
8						

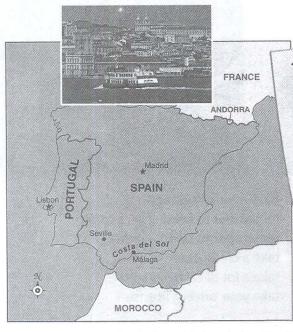
8

### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- I'm not going to go on vacation on my own. (alone)
   I don't want to travel with anyone. (by myself)
- 3. You ought to travel with a friend. (should)
- 4. It's necessary to get a vaccination. (must)

#### I'm going on vacation!

A Read these notes, and then write a description of your vacation. Use be going to for the plans you've decided on. Use will with maybe, probably, I guess, or I think for the plans you're not sure about.



# Trip to Portugal & Spain

- · arrive in Lisbon, Portugal, on July 6
- check in at the Tivoli Hotel
- go shopping (not sure)
- spend three days in Lisbon sightseeing • take a tour bus across the border to
- Seville in Spain visit the cathedral (not sure)
- · see some flamenco dancing in the evening
- rent a car and drive to Málaga on the
  - · visit the old city center (not sure) . spend time on the beach (not sure)

  - fly to Madrid on July 19
  - visit some museums (not sure) . take a tour of the city and
    - see the sights · go home on July 22

I'm going to arrive in Lisbon, Portugal, on July 6 and check in at the	?
Tivoli Hotel. Then maybe I'll go shopping	
• •	
- 1 to control of the property of and to decrease and the second	
No resolution and the result of the result o	
Write five things you need to remember before you go on vacation.	
. I have to print my boarding pass.	
2Concede the property of the	- 17
3	
1.	15-3
5	

# OK. No problem!

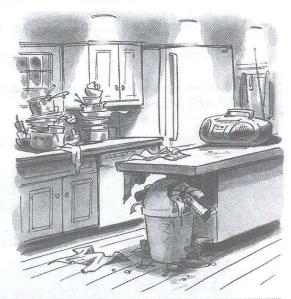
THE STATE OF	163		
	gj.		
	oá.		
	ä.	80	

#### Write responses to these requests. Use it or them.

1. Please take out the trash.

OK, I'll take it out.

- 2. Please put the dishes away.
- 3. Hang up the towels.
- 4. Turn off the lights, please.
- 5. Turn on the radio.



# 2

#### Two-part verbs

5. put \_\_\_\_\_

A Use the words in the box to make two-part verbs. (You may use words more than once.)

	away	down	off	on	out	up	
1.	clean _	ир	_	6.	take .		162
2.	hang _			7.	take .		
3.	let		_	8.	throw		
4.	pick			9.	turn		

**B** Make requests with the two-part verbs in part A. Then give a reason for making the request.

10. turn \_\_\_

1. Please clean up your room. It's dirty.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Choose the correct word.

- 1. Hang up your \_\_\_\_\_coat \_\_\_ . (books / coat / trash)
- 2. Take out the \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (groceries / trash / yard)
- 3. Turn down the \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (garbage / TV / toys)
- 4. Pick up your \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (lights / things / yard)
- 5. Put away your \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (clothes / microwave / dog)
- 6. Turn on the \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (magazines / mess / radio)

#### What's your excuse?

A Complete these requests. Use the sentences in the box.

It's a mess. It's too loud.

They're dirty.

They shouldn't be on the floor. The milk is getting warm.





- 1. Pick up your clothes, please. They shouldn't be on the floor.
- 2. Please put the groceries away. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Take your shoes off. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Clean up the kitchen, please.
- 5. Turn down the music.

#### **B** Write an excuse for each request in part A.

- 1. Sorry, but there isn't enough room in my closet.
- 2.

A Scan the article. What are some ways to get children to do chores?

# Helping out at home

many families, household chores can be a problem. Who does them? Who should do them? In the past, many women stayed at home and did all the chores. Husbands went out to work and expected their wives to clean and cook. Nowadays, though, more and more women have jobs outside the home. So most people think that both wives and husbands should share responsibility for doing household chores. But what about kids? Should children help their parents around the house? If so, how old should they be when they start? How often should they help? And should they get money for helping?

Many people agree that children should help around the house. Doing chores is one way that children can learn to take responsibility for the mess they make. Some even say that young children should help in the home. They can do easy jobs –

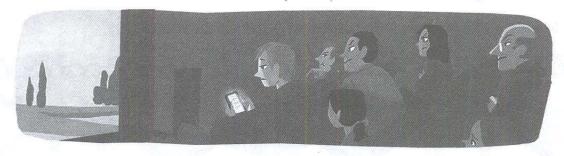
a child of six or seven years old, for example, can help do the laundry by separating dark-colored and light-colored clothes.

One problem is making sure that children and teenagers help regularly with chores. To solve this problem, some people suggest making a list of household chores, either on paper or on a computer spreadsheet. The list can have four parts: daily chores (such as doing the dishes), weekly chores (washing the car), monthly chores (cleaning the refrigerator), and yearly chores (cleaning the garage). Another suggestion to make sure that children do jobs around the house is to pay them. Some people say that this helps children and teenagers learn how to manage money, but others think it's wrong to pay kids to help because they are part of the family. After all, no one pays Mom or Dad to do the chores!

B	Read	the	article.	Then	answer	these	questions.
---	------	-----	----------	------	--------	-------	------------

- 1. Why do some people think that both wives and husbands should do household chores?
- 2. Why do many people think that children should do some chores?
- 3. What kinds of chores can young children do?
- 4. What reasons are given for and against paying young people to do chores?

#### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.



- 1. Turn off your cell phone, please. (Can)

  Can you turn off your cell phone, please?
- 2. Take this form to the office. (Would you mind)
- 3. Please turn the TV down. (Could)
- 4. Don't leave wet towels on the floor. (Would you mind)
- 5. Text me today's homework assignment. (Would)
- 6. Pass me that book, please. (Can)

## 7

#### Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: Could you lend me some money?
  - B: Sure.
    - Sure.
    - Oh, sorry.
    - No, thanks.
- 2. A: Would you mind helping me?
  - B:
  - Sorry, I can't right now.
    - No, thanks.
    - I forgot.
- 3. A: Excuse me, but you're sitting in my seat.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - I'll close it.
    - Not right now.
    - Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't realize that.

- 4. A: Would you like to come in?
  - B:
- That's no excuse.
- Sorry, I forgot.
- All right. Thanks.
- 5. A: Would you mind not leaving your dirty clothes on the floor?
  - B: \_
    - OK, thanks.
    - Oh, all right. I'll put them away.
    - Excuse me. I'll pay for them.
- 6. A: Can you hand me the remote control?
  - B:
    - No problem.
    - You could, too.
    - I'll make sure.



## For each complaint, apologize and either give an excuse, admit a mistake, make an offer, or make a promise.

	The Charles and P. L. Anna Control of the Control o	
1.	Customer: This steak is very tough. I can't eat it.	
	Waiter: Oh, I'm sorry. I'll get you another one.	
2.	Steven: You're late! I've been here for half an hour!	
	Katie:	
3.	Roommate 1: Could you turn the TV down?	
	I'm trying to study, and the noise is bothering me.	
	Roommate 2:	
4.	Father: You didn't take out the garbage this morning.	
	Son:	
5.	Customer: I brought this laptop in last week,	
	but it's still not working right.	
	Salesperson:	W
6.	Neighbor 1: Could you do something about your dog?	
	It barks all night and keeps me awake.	
	Neighbor 2:	
7.	Resident: Would you mind moving your car?	
	You're parked in my parking space.	V
	Visitor:	
8.	Teacher: Please put away your papers. You left them on	N
	your desk yesterday.	
	Student:	
\		444
C	hoose the correct words.	
1.	Throw those empty bottles away.	
	Put them in the (recycling bin / living room / refrigerator).	
2.	Would you mind picking up some	
	(dry cleaning / groceries / towels)? We need coffee, milk, and rice.	
3.	Turn the (faucet / oven / stereo) off. Water	
	costs money!	
4.	My neighbor made a (mistake / request / promise).	
	He said "I'll be sure to stop my dog from barking."	

## Requests

A Match the words and phrases in columns A and B.

4	В	
pick up	your bedroom	1. pick up some milk
not criticize	some milk	2
mail	the groceries	3.
not talk	your sunglasses	4
put away	these bills	5
take off	the TV	6
turn down	so loudly	7
clean up	my friends	8
	1818	Will the Uch Channel Low Living And Septim 1997 6
Write five com		out a friend or a relative.
. My roommate	e is always using my hai	
. My roommate	e is always using my hai ad her own hair dryer.	

## What's this for?

odo boring jobs write reports	store and transmit data determine your exact location	transmit radio and TV program
1 manusanananananananananananananananananan	3	4
	VET IN	
		6.08
		Ho
		flash drive
computer	robot satell	GD6
	Numero	
	sed for writing reports.	
2.		
2 3		
2 3 4		
2 3 4		
2		unankananananananananananananananananana
2	nnology and what it does. Then	write sentences using be used
2	nnology and what it does. Then	unankananananananananananananananananana

messages

robots

4. videos

5. the Internet

video camera

information

## Choose the correct word to complete each sentence. Use the correct form of the word.

- 1. Robots are used to \_\_\_\_\_perform (find / perform / study) many dangerous jobs.
- 2. Computers are used to \_\_\_\_\_\_ (connect / download / sing) music.
- 3. Satellites are used for \_\_\_\_\_ (check / transmit / write) radio programs.
- 4. Home computers are used to \_\_\_\_\_ (play / pay / have) bills.
- 5. External hard drives are used for \_\_\_\_\_\_ (back up / email / buy) data.
- 6. Airport scanners are used to \_\_\_\_\_ (hide / allow / find) dangerous items.





#### Complete the sentences with used to, is used to, or are used to.

- 1. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ used to \_\_\_\_ visit me on weekends when I was in college.
- 2. People \_\_\_\_\_\_ write letters, but nowadays they usually send emails instead.
- 3. A cell phone \_\_\_\_\_\_ make calls and send texts.
- 4. | \_\_\_\_\_ have a desktop computer, but now I just use a laptop.
- 5. We download all of our movies. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ buy DVDs, but not anymore.
- 6. Wi-Fi networks \_\_\_\_\_\_ access the Internet wirelessly.

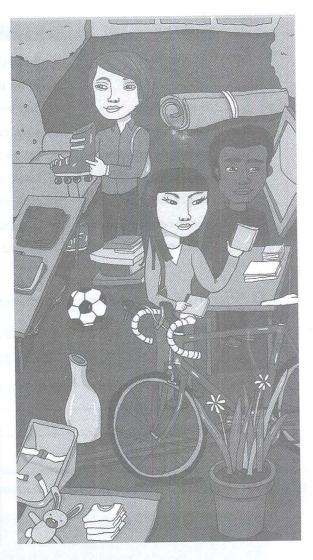
#### Garage sales

A Scan these ads for garage sales. Which ones include electronics?



Next Week >

- A HOUSEHOLD goods, including refrigerator, dishwasher, microwave oven, TV, stereo, couch, 2 bikes. Sat. 9–3. 1528 Williams Dr. Remember to bring cash only!
- **MOVING!** Office supplies, books, shelves, desk and office chair, and lots of old CDs! Sat. 8–3. 32 Harbor Rd.
- **VALUABLE** Mexican paintings, antique chairs, oriental rugs, collection of old Japanese kimonos and other clothes from around the world, old maps, gold coins. Sun. 11–5. 2039 E. 8th St. Try to arrive early!
- Everything must go! Collection of shells, stamps, and coins from around the world, old postcards, photos. Sun. noon to 7. 9734 Date St. Make sure to tell your friends.
  - **ELECTRICAL** engineer retiring. Laptop computers, cable modems, laser printers, fax machine, software for word processing and creating budgets, even a few video games. 9–5 Sat. & Sun. 2561 Canada Dr.



- **B** Read the ads. Which garage sale should these people attend? (More than one answer may be possible.)
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Linda has just started her own business. She likes to play music while she works.
- Edmund and Tina decorate homes. They always use old and unusual items to make the houses they decorate more interesting.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ James needs some furniture for his new apartment.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ Rebecca wants to have an office in her home.
- 5. \_\_\_\_ Sam likes collecting interesting and unusual things from different countries.



#### Useful types of websites

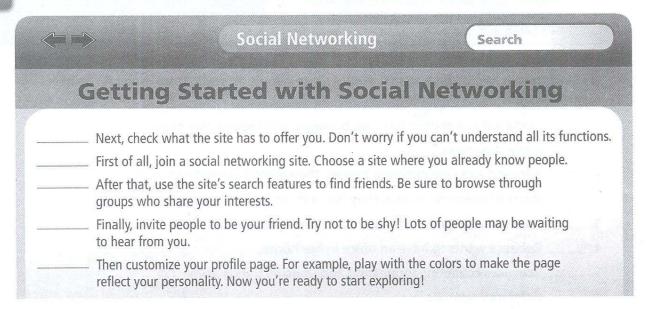
A Match the types of websites with how people use them.

Types of websites	How people use websites
_e_ answer sites	a. find out what's happening in the world
blogs	b. share information and photos with friends
dating sites	c. find information on the Internet
gaming sites	d. write and edit web pages
media sharing sites	e. ask and answer questions online
news sites	f. find a partner
search engines	g. play online games
social networking sites	h. post online diaries
wiki sites	i. upload videos and music

B	Do you use any	of the types of websites in	part A? What do you	use them for? Write sentences.
---	----------------	-----------------------------	---------------------	--------------------------------

1.	l use answer sites to ask and answer questions online.	0
	I use answer sites for asking and answering questions online.	
2.		7770
3.		
4.		

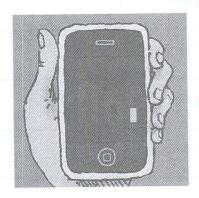
#### Put these instructions in order. Number them from 1 to 5.

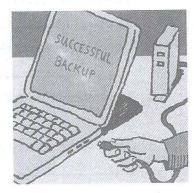


#### Write a sentence about each picture using an expression in the box.

- Make sure to . . . Remember to . . .
- Try not to . . .



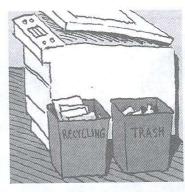


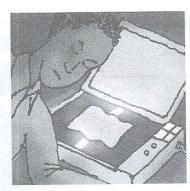


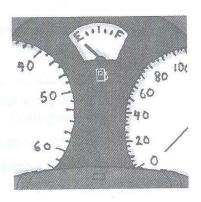
1. Make sure to turn off your computer.

eniteraturaturatura

3.







4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

9

9

#### Write a or an in the correct places. (There are nine other places in this paragraph.)

My brother just bought smartphone. It's really great. It has lot of high-tech features. In fact, it's amazing handheld computer, not just cell phone. For example, it has Wi-Fi connectivity, so my brother can connect to the Internet in most places. He can send message to friend by email or through social networking site. He can also find out where he is because it has GPS app. That's perfect for my brother because he likes mountain climbing. He'll never get lost again! His smartphone also has excellent camera, so he can take photos of his climbing trips. And, of course, it's phone. So he can talk to his girlfriend anytime he wants!



## Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

I use my computer for paying bills. (online)
 I pay my bills online.

 It breaks very easily. (fragile)



- 3. Take it out of the outlet. (unplug)
- 4. Remember to keep it dry. (spill)
- 5. Don't let the battery die. (recharge)



#### Look at the pictures and complete this conversation. Choose the correct responses.

- A: What a day! First, my microwave didn't work.
- B: What happened?
- A: It burned my lunch.
- It didn't cook my lunch.
  - It burned my lunch.

Then I tried to use my computer, but that didn't work either.

- B: Why not?
- A: \_\_\_\_\_
  - I couldn't get a Wi-Fi signal.I couldn't turn it on.

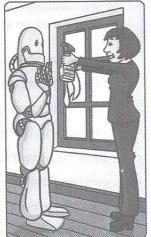
After that, I tried to use the vacuum cleaner.

- B: Let me guess. It didn't pick up the dirt.
- A: Worse! \_\_\_
  - It made a terrible noise.
  - It spread dirt around the room.
- B: Did you have your robot help?
- A: Well, I tried to get it to clean the outside windows.
  - But it refused.
  - It did a great job.
- B: I don't blame it! You live on the 50th floor!









# Let's celebrate!

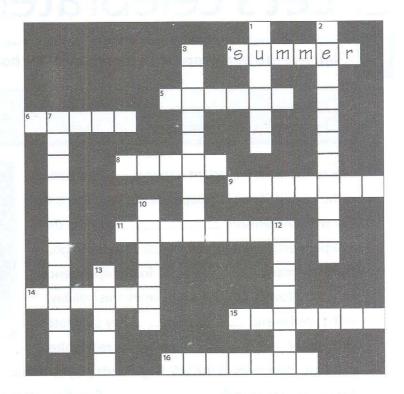
Ì	celebrate customs	fireworks get-togethers		picnic streamers		
On	e of the most	important nationa	al <u>holidays</u>			
		tes is Independen			II A	
day	when Ameri	cans	winning their			
ind	ependence fr	om Britain almost	250 years ago.			
The	ere are many	fo	or Independence	Wall Action		
Da	y. Most towns	, big and small, ma	ark this holiday			
wit	h parades an	d	.They decorate		W.	A.
		, usua				
an	d blue, the co	lors of the U.S. flag	g. Bands play patrio	otic	It's also a day v	vhen n
e and	nericans have	ininkhisuumininkhisinin minhininka	international distribution and the second		arbecue or a	himmina
Co	when I feel when school when sumn	sentences with to	taxes taxes, it's the day	e box.	arbecue or a	
Co	omplete the when I feel when school when sumn I hate April 1	sentences with the sad and depressed alle have to pay their polistarts their vacation begins 5! In the United St	the clauses in the	e box.	arbecue or a	
1.	when I feel when school when summ  I hate April 1	sentences with the sad and depressed alle have to pay their polistarts their vacation begins at 15! In the United Starmoney.	taxes taxes in the taxes taxes. It always	owe the	arbecue or a	
1.	when I feel when school when summ  I hate April 1  government June is my fa	sentences with the sad and depressed alle have to pay their polistarts are vacation begins.  5! In the United Stamoney.  avorite month. It's a	taxes taxes, it's the day	owe the	arbecue or a	
1.	when I feel when school when summ	sentences with the sad and depressed alle have to pay their polistarts there is vacation begins of the same services.  5! In the United Statement of the same services are same services and same services are same services and same services are same services.	the clauses in the taxes taxes, it's the day I always the month	owe the	arbecue or a	

#### Crossword puzzle: Special days

Use words from the unit to complete the crossword puzzle.

#### Across

- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ is the time of year when there are a lot of weddings in the U.S.
- **5** People like to play \_\_\_\_\_ on each other on April Fools' Day.
- **6** We always have a \_\_\_\_ at our house on New Year's Eve.
- 8 On Labor Day, people in the U.S. \_\_\_\_ workers.
- 9 Janice and Nick are getting married soon. They plan to have a small \_\_\_\_\_ with just a few family members.
- **11** My friends and family gave me some very nice \_\_\_\_\_ on my birthday.



- 14 People waited along the route for hours to see the \_\_\_\_\_ pass through the streets.
- 15 I gave my grandmother a bouquet of \_\_\_\_ on Mother's Day.
- **16** People in the United States and Canada celebrate the \_\_\_\_ at Thanksgiving.

#### Down

- 1 Everyone in my family eats \_\_\_\_\_ on Thanksgiving.
- 2 Hurry up with the balloons and the streamers! We need to finish the \_\_\_\_\_ before our guests arrive.
- 3 To celebrate the new year, many people shoot \_\_\_\_\_ into the air at night.
- **7** Tomorrow is my parents' twenty-fifth wedding \_\_\_\_\_ .
- **10** November 2 is the day when my family and I go to the cemetery to clean the \_\_\_\_\_ of our ancestors.
- **12** My favorite \_\_\_\_\_ are spring and summer.
- 13 I send my friends \_\_\_\_\_ on special occasions.



#### A lot to celebrate!

A Read about these special days in the United States. Do you celebrate any of them in your country?

EVE	NT	DAY	HOW PEOPLE CELEBRATE IT
	Martin Luther King Jr. Day	3rd Monday in January	This is the day people honor the life and work of the civil rights leader Martin Luther King Jr.
	Presidents' Day	3rd Monday in February	This day honors two great presidents of the United States, George Washington and Abraham Lincoln.
	April Fools' Day	April 1	This is a day when people play tricks on friends. Websites sometimes post funny stories or advertise fake products.
	Earth Day	April 22	This is a day when people think about protecting the earth. People give speeches about ways to help take care of the environment.
Mon	Mother's Day	2nd Sunday in May	People honor their mothers by giving cards and gifts and having a family gathering.
Amo	Father's Day	2nd Sunday in June	People honor their fathers by giving them cards and presents.
	Independence Day	July 4	Americans celebrate their country's independence from Britain. There are parades and fireworks.
	Labor Day	1st Monday in September	People honor workers and celebrate the end of summer. Most people have the day off, and they have barbecues with friends and family.

**B** Complete the chart. Check (✓) the correct answers.

	Americans give each other gifts on:	Americans don't give gifts on:
Martin Luther King Jr. Day Presidents' Day April Fools' Day Earth Day Mother's Day Father's Day Independence Day Labor Day		

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### What happens at these times in your country? Complete the sentences.

E	Before a man and woman get married, <u>they</u>					10.
	usually date each other.	_				
١	When someone has a birthday,					
-	Before some people eat a meal,	- 14-37 - 14-37 - 15-34				
-	After a student graduates,		8 S	P <sub>2</sub>	hun.	91
,	When a woman gets engaged,	_				
1	When a couple has their first child,	-				
0.00	When a person retires,					
	omplete the paragraph with the information and a comma where necessary.  Grammar note: Advertial clause					umum
		s o iter	ft	18812		lav.
	Grammar note: Adverbial clause The adverbial clause can come before or al Before the main clause, add a comma. When a couple gets married, they often receive gifts Do not add a comma after the main clause	s o iter	ft	18812		lav
	Grammar note: Adverbial clause The adverbial clause can come before or all Before the main clause, add a comma. When a couple gets married, they often receive gifts Do not add a comma after the main clause A couple often receives gifts when they get married.  before the wedding reception ends many newlyweds have to live with relatives most couples like to be alone when they have enough money to pay for it	fter	n _	ma	in c	lau
la l	Grammar note: Adverbial clause The adverbial clause can come before or all Before the main clause, add a comma. When a couple gets married, they often receive gifts Do not add a comma after the main clause A couple often receives gifts when they get married.  before the wedding reception ends many newlyweds have to live with relatives most couples like to be alone when they have enough money to pay for it  ewly married couples often leave on their honeyr . When they	moo go	n _	ma	in c	lav
lle	Grammar note: Adverbial clause The adverbial clause can come before or all Before the main clause, add a comma. When a couple gets married, they often receive gifts Do not add a comma after the main clause A couple often receives gifts when they get married.  before the wedding reception ends many newlyweds have to live with relatives most couples like to be alone when they have enough money to pay for it	moo go d	non t	ma	in class	

7	Write three paragraphs about marriage customs in your country. In the first paragraph, write about what happens before the wedding.
	In the second paragraph, write about the wedding ceremony. In the final paragraph, write about what happens after the wedding.
	In the mai paragraph, write about mat happens area are a commission
	Japan Morocco Scotland
	Scottan
	Choose the correct word or phrase.
	1. Wedding (celebrations / flowers / birthdays) are often held in a
	restaurant or hotel.
	2. Children's Day is a day when people in many countries  (court / honor / occur) their children.
	3. Fall is the (custom / get-together / season) when North Americans
	celebrate Thanksgiving.
	4. In Indonesia, on Nyepi Day, Balinese people (last / eat / observe)
	a day of silence to begin the new year.

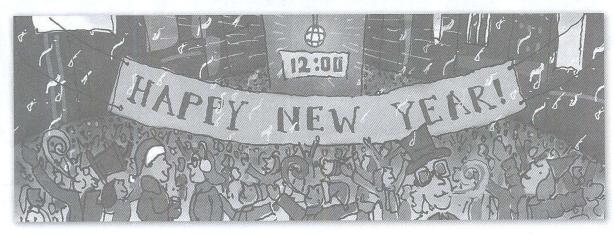
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#### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- Everyone in the family comes to my parents' home on Thanksgiving. (get together)
   Everyone in the family gets together at my parents' home on Thanksgiving.

   Many people have parties on New Year's Eve. (New Year's Eve / when)
   At the end of the year, Japanese people give and receive oseibo presents to show their appreciation for the people in their lives. (exchange)
   June is the month when many Brazilians celebrate the Festa Junina. (in June)
- Imagine you are in a foreign country and someone has invited you to a New Year's Eve party. Ask questions about the party using the words in the box or your own ideas.

5. In Sweden, people observe Midsummer's Day around June 21. (occur)



Should I bring a New Year's present?	
	great printed office to a

## Times have changed!

buy drive have leave sell use			3
In many countries nowadays, food shopping takes very In the past, peopleused to go to a different			
for each type of item. For example, you		at	Paramin in the land of the lan
at a butcher's shop and fish at a fish market. A fruit market			THE
fruits and vegetables. For dry goo			
rice or beans, you go to grocery		Production (1997)	
Today, the supermarket or superstore	all th	nese things. O	nce every week
or two, people in their cars to the			
only food but also clothes, electronic goods, furniture, and			
we shop again. Nowadays, many	y people _		
a computer at home. Soon, maybe, no one		home to go	shopping.
a computer at home. Soon, maybe, no one their computers to ord		home to go	shopping.
a computer at home. Soon, maybe, no one their computers to ord		home to go	shopping.
		home to go	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.		home to go	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?		home to go	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  • About 100 years ago.	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  • About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  • About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B:  B:	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B:  Nowadays.  In the next 50 years.  A few years.	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  • About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B:  B:	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B: • In the next few years. • About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B: • Nowadays. • In the next 50 years. • A few years.  3. A: When did the first man go to the moon?  B: • A few years.	der everyth	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B:  In the next few years.  About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B:  Nowadays.  In the next 50 years.  A few years.  Sometime in the future.  Today.  More the	• These years ago.	home to go s	shopping.
Choose the correct responses.  1. A: When did people travel by horse and carriage?  B: • In the next few years. • About 100 years ago.  2. A: When might doctors find a cure for the flu?  B: • Nowadays. • In the next 50 years. • A few years.  3. A: When did the first man go to the moon?  B: • A few years.	• These years ago.	home to go s	shopping.

#### Complete the sentences. Use the words given and ideas from the pictures.

1. These days, people go to the

beach on vacation. (beach)

In the future, they might go

to Mars on vacation. (Mars)



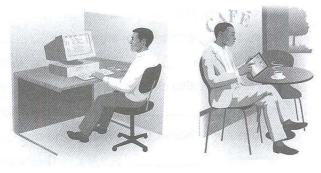


- 2. In the past, \_\_\_\_\_ (collect records)

  Nowadays, \_\_\_\_ (download music)
- 3. A few years ago, \_\_\_\_\_\_ (desktops)

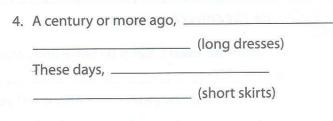
  Today, \_\_\_\_\_\_ (tablets)





5. Nowadays, \_\_\_\_\_\_ (20 floors)

Sometime in the future, \_\_\_\_\_ (250 floors)







#### New forms of energy

A Scan the article. Why do we need new forms of energy? According to the article, which countries produce each new form of energy?



Energy is very important in modern life. People use energy to run machines, heat or cool their homes, cook, provide light, and transport people and products. Most energy nowadays comes from fossil fuels — petroleum, coal, and natural gas. However, burning fossil fuels causes pollution. Scientists are working to find other kinds of energy for the future. What might these sources of energy be?

Energy from wind All over the world, people use the power of wind. It turns windmills and moves sailboats. It is a clean source of energy, and there is lots of it, particularly in countries such as the Netherlands and Denmark. Unfortunately, if the wind does not blow, there is no wind energy.

Energy from water When water moves from a high place to a lower place, it makes energy. This energy creates electricity without pollution through the use of dams and water turbines. Laos plans to build 55 dams and become the "battery" of southeast Asia. Dams, however, cost a lot of money to build, so water energy is expensive.

Energy from the earth There is heat in rocks under the earth. Scientists use this heat to make geothermal energy. In Iceland, 87 percent of the population enjoys central heating from this energy source — and it costs less than half the price of using oil for central heating. Moreover, geothermal energy does not pollute. The problem is location — it's only available in a few places in the world.

Energy from the sun Solar panels on the roofs of houses can turn energy from the sun into electricity. These panels can create enough energy to heat or cool an entire house. In fact, some scientists say that if we build solar panels in just 1 percent of the Sahara Desert, in countries such as Algeria and Libya, there will be enough electricity for the entire world. However, solar energy is expensive to export.

Energy from living organisms. Living organisms, such as plants and algae, can produce energy that is called biofuel. By 2017, about 90 percent of cars in Brazil will have "flex-fuel" engines — they can run on gasoline or biofuels. Biofuels are renewable. For example, sugarcane (used to make ethanol) can be produced every year. But some people say we should use farmland to produce food, not biofuels.

**B** Read the article. What is one advantage and one disadvantage of each type of energy? Complete the chart.

	Advantage	Disadvantage
wind power		
water power geothermal power		
solar power		
biofuels		

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92			
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#### Choose the correct responses.

R	\: 3: .	What if I get in shape this summer?	
		<ul> <li>You might be able to come rock climbing with me.</li> <li>You won't be able to come rock climbing with me.</li> </ul>	4
		What will happen if I stop exercising?	
		<ul><li>Well, you won't gain weight.</li><li>Well, you might gain weight.</li></ul>	
		What if I get a better job?	
C		<ul> <li>You won't be able to buy new clothes.</li> <li>You'll be able to buy some new clothes.</li> </ul>	
		: What will happen if I don't get a summer job?	
E	B:	<ul> <li>You'll probably have enough money for your school exp</li> <li>You probably won't have enough money for your school</li> </ul>	enses. I expenses.
	7	a cold money energetic relaxed exercising weight	
		married working	
fe	el	married working	quit
	el	married working	quit
1	wel w	married working get lose	

#### Complete these sentences with your own information. Add a comma where necessary.

#### Grammar note: Conditional sentences with it clauses

The if clause can come before or after the main clause. Before the main clause, add a comma.

If I move to a cheaper apartment, I'll be able to buy a car.

After the main clause, do not add a comma.

I'll be able to buy a car if I move to a cheaper apartment.

1.	If I go shopping on Saturday, I might spend too much money.
2.	I'll feel healthier
3.	If I get more exercise
4.	If I don't get good grades in school
5.	I might get more sleep
6.	I'll be happy

8

#### Nouns and adjectives

A Complete the chart with another form of the word given.

Noun	Adjective	Noun	Adjective
energy		o of or that to a very	medical
	environmental	success	75 L 2000 77 77
health		8	

B	Complete	the	sentences.	Us	e	words	in	part A.
---	----------	-----	------------	----	---	-------	----	---------

1.	There have been lots of	medical	advances in the
	past half century, but there is	still no cure for the	common cold.
2.	There are a lot of		problems in my
	country. There's too much air p	pollution, and the ri	vers are dirty.
3.	My	is not as good	d as it used to be.
	So, I've decided to eat better for	ood and go swimm	ing every day.
4	My party was a great		I think

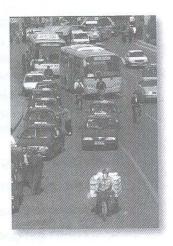
- 4. My party was a great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think I might have another one soon!
- 5. If I start exercising more often, I might have more \_\_\_\_\_

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	b	-		

## Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- Today, people ride bicycles less often than before. (used to)
   People used to ride bicycles more often than they do today.
   OR
   In the past, people used to ride bicycles more often than today.

   If I stop eating rich food, I may be able to lose weight. (diet)
   In the future, not many people will use cash to buy things. (few)
- 4. If I get a better job, I can buy an apartment. (be able to)
- 5. There's going to be a big new mall downtown next year. (will)



10

Write three paragraphs about yourself. In the first paragraph, describe something about your past. In the second paragraph, write about your life now. In the third paragraph, write about your future.

	I used to live in a very quiet place
	Now, I live in a big city. My job is If my English improves,
	I may be able to get a job with an international company
	Next year, I'm going to I might
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## I hate working on weekends!

. A	: I enjoy working in sale	es.	
В	:		
	• Well, I can.	Neither do I.	So do I.
	: I like working the nigl		
В	Geeldon't		Neither am I.
Α	: I can't stand getting t		The state of the s
	:		Telegrapistic and the
	• I can't.		
. A	: I'm interested in using	g my language skil	ls.
В	:		
	• So am I. • (	Oh, I don't.	<ul> <li>Oh, I don't mind.</li> </ul>
Cor		with the words of start her own busing use a computer	ess work under pressure work with a team
C	commute learn languages	start her own busin use a computer	ess work under pressure work with a team
. T	commute learn languages eresa enjoys being a jo	start her own busin use a computer urnalist. She has to	work under pressure work with a team
. T	commute learn languages	start her own busin use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she d	write a loesn't
. T	commute learn languages eresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. e	start her own busin use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she d	ess work under pressure work with a team  write a loesn't
. T r r 2. I	commute learn languages  Teresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. emind working under pro	start her own busin use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she d	ess work under pressure work with a team  write a loesn't
. T r r r r l	commute learn languages eresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. emind working under prochiro is a novelist. He w	start her own busing use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she dessure	work under pressure work with a team  write a loesn't  y hand because
. T r r r r h h h	commute learn languages eresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. emind working under prochiro is a novelist. He was he hates	start her own busing use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she dessure rites all his books but she all day, but she described in a li day, but	write a loesn't  by hand because  enjoys o.
. T r r r r h h h	commute learn languages reresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. emind working under prochiro is a novelist. He was he hates	start her own busing use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she dessure rites all his books but she all day, but she described in a li day, but	write a loesn't  by hand because  enjoys o.
. T r r 2. I h h 1. I i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	commute learn languages eresa enjoys being a journews story by 4:00 p.m. emind working under prochiro is a novelist. He was he hates	start her own busing use a computer urnalist. She has to very day, but she dessure rites all his books but she all day, but she described in a line all day.	work under pressure work with a team  write a loesn't  y hand because  enjoys o. interested in

## Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

1	can't make decisions quickly. (not good at)
-	hate making mistakes. (stand)
	don't enjoy working alone. (with a team)
0	mplete these sentences about yourself. Use gerunds.
1	On the job or at school  I like <u>meeting people, but I'm a little shy.</u>
2	. I can't stand
177	. I don't mind
	n my free time  . I'm interested in
I.	. I'm not interested in
1	At parties or in social situations
(	i. I'm good at
	7. I'm not very good at
100	
	noose the correct words.
	Sam hates waiting in line. He's a very
	person.
	(impatient / disorganized / punctual)
	You can trust Rosa. If she says she's going to do something,
	she'll do it. She's very (hardworking / level-headed / reliable)
	Joe isn't good at remembering things. Last week, he missed another important
	Joe Isn't good at remembering things, Last week, he missed another important
٥.	business meeting. He's so

flight attendant 🔘 journalist 🔘 stockbr	oker truck driver
Internet Job Board	Résumé Career Tools Career Advice
Are you hardworking? Do you enjoy using computers? Do you like learning about world news? This job is for you. Must be good at working under pressure. Some evening and weekend work.	No previous experience necessary but applicant must have a special license. Successful applicant will also be punctual and reliable. Excellent position for someone who enjoys traveling.
Must be well organized, energetic, able to make decisions quickly, and good with numbers. Applicants must be level-headed and able to take responsibility for handling other people's money. No weekend work, but some evening work required.	Are you good at communicating with people and solving problems? Can you speak at least two foreign languages? Do you enjoy traveling abroad? Then this job might be for you.
What key word(s) in each job ad helped you fi	nd the answers in part A?
	4
Which job would be the best for you? the wor	st? Number them from
the best) to 4 (the worst) and give reasons. List perience, preferences, or personal traits.	
ob Reason	
flight attendant journalist	
stockbroker	S S O S WHAT THE WAY
truck driver	177.

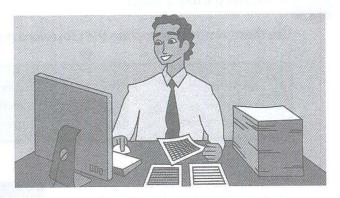
accountant carpenter	detective lawyer nurse salesperson factory worker marine biologist model social worker
	I enjoy helping people, but I can't stand working nights and weekends.
	(make a good / could never)Jim would probably make a good social worker because he enjoys helping people. He could never be a nurse
n	because he can't stand working nights and weekends.
eally like doing joy working in 	things with my hands. I also enjoy working with wood. I don't the same place every day, and I hate being in noisy places.
	Anita
	<u>a managang digital menanggang</u> (A).
Illison mreally good	I'm really interested in meeting people, and I enjoy wearing different clot every day. I'm not so good at organizing my time, and I can't stand comp  3. (would make a good / would make a bad)  at selling things. I also love helping people. But I'm not so
Illison 'm really good good at solvin	I'm really interested in meeting people, and I enjoy wearing different clot every day. I'm not so good at organizing my time, and I can't stand comp  3. (would make a good / would make a bad)  at selling things. I also love helping people. But I'm not so g problems.  buildn't make a good)
Illison  Im really good good at solvin	I'm really interested in meeting people, and I enjoy wearing different clot every day. I'm not so good at organizing my time, and I can't stand comp  3. (would make a good / would make a bad)  at selling things. I also love helping people. But I'm not so g problems.

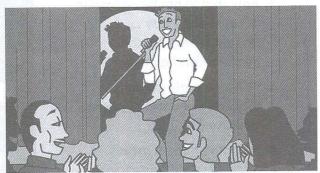


#### Add a or an in the correct places.

- 1. Jerry could never be nurse or teacher because he is very short-tempered and impatient with people. On the other hand, he's efficient and reliable person.

  So he would make good bookkeeper or accountant.
- Mark would make terrible lawyer or executive. He isn't good at making decisions. On the other hand, he'd make excellent actor or artist because he's very creative and funny.





9

#### **Opposites**

A Write the opposites. Use the words in the box.

	rgetful 🔘 lazy patient 🔘 moody	outgoing unfriendly
<ol> <li>efficient / disorganized</li> <li>friendly /</li> <li>hardworking /</li> <li>interesting /</li> </ol>		. level-headed / patient / quiet / reliable /
<b>B</b> Complete the sentences	with words in part A.	
Su-yin is an enjoys meeting new peo		n. She really
2. Becky is very	. One	e day she's happy,
and the next day she's sa  3. I can't stand working with having reliable co-worke	h	people. I like
4. Philip is an when I talk to him.		n. I'm never bored

#### Crossword puzzle: Jobs

Use these words to complete the crossword puzzle.

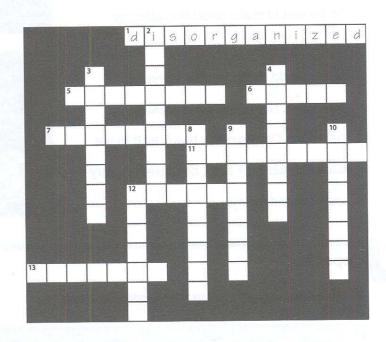
Creative	efficient	impatient	reliable	tempered
critical	of forgetful	level	strange	working
disorganized	generous	punctual punctual	strict	

#### Across

- 1 Amy should not be a librarian because she's very \_\_\_\_\_.

  She can never find the information she needs.
- 5 I always do my job well.

  My boss never has to worry because I'm \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 Ed would make a great nurse because he's so \_\_\_\_\_-headed. He never gets anxious or upset when things go wrong.
- 7 Jack writes great children's stories. He's very \_\_\_\_\_ and is always thinking of new ideas.



- 11 A good lawyer has to remember facts. Jerry is a terrible lawyer because he's very \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 12 My favorite teacher at school was Mrs. Matthews. She was pretty \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so no one misbehaved in her class.
- 13 Laura is very hard-\_\_\_\_\_. She works ten hours a day, six days a week.

#### Down

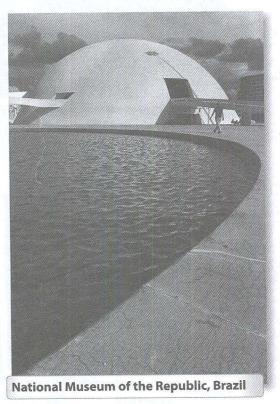
- **2** Being a limousine driver isn't a good job for Dawn. She's too \_\_\_\_\_\_. She can't stand waiting for people at the airport.
- 3 My boss is very \_\_\_\_\_ . She gave me a big holiday bonus.
- 4 Sam is very short-\_\_\_\_ and moody. He sometimes gets angry during meetings.
- **8** June's assistant is very \_\_\_\_\_ . She types twice as fast as most assistants, and she never wastes time.
- **9** I can't stand my boss. He complains about everything I do. He's so \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 Larry arrives on time every day, even when there's traffic.

  He's a very \_\_\_\_\_ person.
- 12 Martha is very \_\_\_\_\_ . She does odd things. She often gets up in the middle of the night and writes all her reports.

## It's really worth seeing!

Complete these sentences. Use the passive form of the verbs in the box.

	compose discover paint design invent write	
1.	The National Museum of the Republic in Brazil  was designed by the architect	
	Oscar Niemeyer.	
2.	The play Romeo and Juliet	
	by William Shakespeare in the 1590s.	
3.	The microwave oven	by
	Percy Spencer in 1947.	
4.	The picture Sunflowers	_ by
	Vincent van Gogh in 1888.	
5.	In 1960, a 1,000-year-old Viking settlement	
	in eastern Canada by	
	Norwegian explorer Helge Ingstad.	
6.	The music for the Disney movie The Lion King	



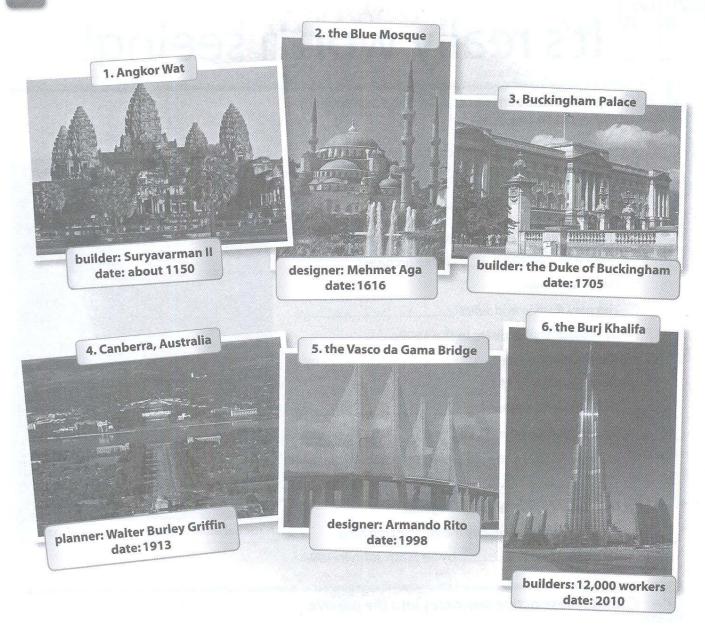
#### Change these active sentences into the passive.

Scientists first identified the virus called HIV in 1983.
 The virus called HIV was first identified by scientists in 1983.

by Sir Elton John in 1994.

- 2. Kathryn Bigelow directed the award-winning film The Hurt Locker in 2008.
- 3. The Soviet Union launched the first satellite into space in 1957.
- 4. E. B. White wrote the children's novel Charlotte's Web.
- 5. Frank Lloyd Wright designed the Guggenheim Museum in New York City.

#### Write sentences. Use the passive.



1.	Angkor Wat was built by Suryavarman II in about 1150.
2.	
3.	Cabe an anage of the last of t
4.	
5.	
6	

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		8	30	
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		Ø.	-80	

#### Which city?

A Read about these cities. Match the cities in the box with the correct descriptions below.

Buenos Aires, Argentina	Mexico City, Mexico	Rome, Italy
	60000 <b></b>	
Manila, the Philippines	Ottawa, Canada	Timbuktu, Mali

According to legend, this city was founded in 753 B.C.E. by Romulus and was named after him. However, it is more likely that the name comes from Ruma, the old name for the Tiber River. This city was founded by the Spanish on an island in a lake. Both the country and the city are named after an older name for the city, Metz-xih-co, which means "in the center of the waters of the moon." \_ The name of this city means "fair winds" because its climate is very pleasant. It was founded twice by the Spanish in 1536 and 1580. Five years after the city's first foundation, it was burned by local people. In the eleventh century, a village was founded in North Africa. An old woman called Buktu was often asked to guard the village when the villagers went hunting. The village became known as Tim-Buktu, the place of Buktu. Founded in 1571, this city takes its name from Tagalog, a language that is widely spoken there. It means "a place where the plant indigo is found" (may = "there is"; nila = "indigo"). This city became the capital of the country in the middle of the nineteenth century. Its name is taken from the word Adawa in the Algonquin language, which probably means "to trade."

**B** Check (✓) True or False. For statements that are false, write the correct information.

	True	False
. Both Rome and Timbuktu were named after a person.	0	0
. Manila was named after a product that was found there.	0	
Ottawa was named after the activities of the Native Americans in that region.		0
I. Buenos Aires and Mexico City were given names about their climates.	0	0

#### Add is or are where necessary.

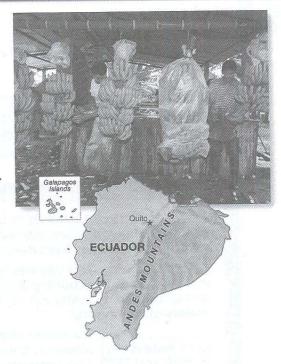
Ecuador situated on the equator in the northwest of South America. It made up of a coastal plain in the west and a tropical rain forest in the east. These two areas separated by the Andes mountains in the center of the country.

The economy based on oil and agricultural products.

More oil produced in Ecuador than any other South

American country except Venezuela. Bananas, coffee,
and cocoa grown there. Many of these products
exported. Hardwood also produced and exported.

Many people are of Incan origin. Several native languages spoken there, such as Quechua. Spanish spoken in Ecuador, too.



### Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

	agricultural beef	electronics mining		wheat	
1.	France exports .	agricultu	ral prod	ucts such as mil	k, butter,
	and cheese.				
2.	The	is	the currency t	hat is used in Ch	nile.
3.	Millions of peop	le visit Italy ever	y year	per and the	is
	a very importan	t industry there.			
4.	A lot of meat, es	pecially	Contract of the	, is exported	d by Argentina.
5. Gold is an important ind			t industry in		
	South Africa.				
6.	Much of the wo	rld's		is grown in the	
	Canadian prairies. It's used to make foods like bread and pasta.				
7.	A lot of comput	ers and microch	ips are exporte	d by Taiwan.	
	In fact, the		industry	is an important	part of many
	Fact Asian econ	omies			

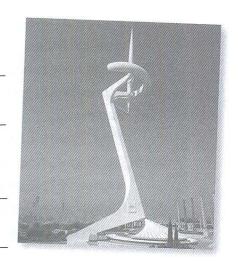
## Complete this paragraph with is or are and the past participle of the verbs in the box. Some words may be used more than once.

ride	find	locate
	know	visit
		know

very year, millions of tourists visit California. California  for its beautiful scenery, warm climate, and excellent food. There are many national parks in California. They  by over 30 million people every year.  Many world-famous museums  there,
including the Getty Center in Los Angeles and the San Francisco
Museum of Modern Art.
The state into two parts, called Northern California and Southern
California. San Francisco and Yosemite National Park in Northern California.
San Francisco by water on three sides and is a city with a beautiful
bay and several bridges. Its streets always
with tourists. On the north end of the bay is the world-famous Napa Valley. South of San Francisco, there
is an area that is famous for its computer industries; it Silicon Valley.
Many computer industries there. Los Angeles, Hollywood, and Disneyland
in Southern California. Southern California
for its desert areas, which are sometimes next to snowcapped mountains.

#### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- The designer of the Montjuic Tower in Barcelona was Santiago
   Calatrava. (designed)
- 2. Switzerland has four official languages. (spoken)
- 3. In South Korea, a lot of people work in the automobile industry. (employed)
- 4. Malaysia has a prime minister. (governed)





#### Wh-questions and indirect questions

A Look at the answers. Write Wh-questions. 1. What \_\_\_\_\_ The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell. 2. Where \_\_\_\_\_ Acapulco is located in southern Mexico. Santiago, Chile, was founded in 1541. Rice is grown in Thailand. **B** Look at the answers. Write indirect questions. 1. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ The Golden Gate Bridge is located in San Francisco. 2. Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ Don Quixote was written by Miguel de Cervantes. 3. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ Antibiotics were first used in 1941. 4. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ The tea bag was invented by Thomas Sullivan in 1908. Complete the sentences. Use the passive of the words given. 1804 The first steam locomotive \_\_\_\_\_was built \_\_\_\_ (build) in Britain. 1829 A speed record of 58 kph (36 mph) \_\_\_\_\_ (establish) by a train in Britain. 1863 The world's first underground railway \_\_\_\_\_ (open) in London. an early steam locomotive 1964 "Bullet train" service \_\_\_\_\_\_ (introduce) in Japan. 1990 A speed of 512 kph (320 mph) \_\_\_\_\_ (reach) by a French high-speed train. 1995 Maglevs \_\_\_\_\_ (test) in several countries. These trains use magnets to lift them above the ground. 2006 The Qinghai-Tibet railway \_\_\_\_\_ (open). It is the world's highest railway and reaches 5,072 meters (16,640 feet). 2011 The journey time from Beijing to Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_\_ (reduce) from 14 hours to

5 hours by the new maglev train.

## What happened?

Describe what these people were doing when a fire alarm went off in their apartment building last night. Use the past continuous.

	2	3
Mr. Yuen	Andrew	the Hardings
	5	6
Liliana and Eduardo	Jenny	Angela

Mr. Yuen	was cooking dinner wh	nen the fire ala	rm went off.	
	the state of the s			
1 1				1 413

### Describe your activities yesterday. What were you doing at these times?

At 9:00 a.m.	Around noon	About 10:00 last night
At 9:00 a.m., I was having		
breakfast at a coffee shop		
with my friends.		
At 11:00 in the morning	In the afternoon	At this time yesterday
	1	
2		

#### Complete the conversation with the correct word or phrase.

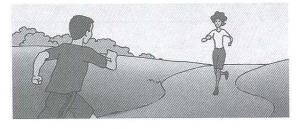
Carl:	How did you get your first j	ob, Anita?	
Anita:	Well, I <u>got</u> (got / was getting)	a summer job in a departmer	at store
		at the university.	
	(studied / was s	tudying)	
Carl:	No, I mean your first full-tin	ne job.	
Anita:	ita: But that is how I got my first full-time job. I during the (worked / was working)		
	summer when the manage	er(offered / was offering)	me a job after graduation.
Carl:	Wow! That was lucky. Did y	ou like the job?	
Anita:	Well, I did at first, but then	things changed. I(did / was	the same sdoing)
	thing every day, and they	(didn't give / weren't giving)	me any new responsibilities.
		really bored when another co	ompany
	(got / was getting)		
		e to work for them.	
	(asked / was asking)		



#### Look at the pictures and complete these sentences.



1. I was having a great date with my boyfriend when he asked me to marry him!



2. I met a really nice guy last week while



3. My car was giving me a lot of trouble, so



4. Dinner arrived while

A Scan the article. Why is Richard Branson famous?

Have you ever flown on Virgin phone? Have you booked you have put a few more dollars in Born in Britain in 1950, Richa entrepreneur, adventurer, and personality. He's flamboyant, exafraid to take a risk.

Branson didn't have an ord with reading and writing, mad challenge, he started a nation ico.com

Have you ever flown on Virgin Atlantic Airways or used a Virgin Mobile cell phone? Have you booked your place in space with Virgin Galactic? If so, you have put a few more dollars in Richard Branson's pocket.

Born in Britain in 1950, Richard Branson is a world-famous businessman, entrepreneur, adventurer, and billionaire. He's best known for his charismatic personality. He's flamboyant, exciting, and personable – and he's never been afraid to take a risk

Branson didn't have an ordinary teenage life, however. His dyslexia, or difficulty with reading and writing, made school a constant struggle. Despite this challenge, he started a national magazine called *Student* when he was only 16

years old. At 17, he decided to set up a student advisory center to help other young people.

Branson started the now-famous Virgin brand in the music industry in 1970. He began by opening a mail-order company that sold records at discount prices. Two years later, he built a recording studio and took chances on new musicians that no other recording companies would sign. In 1992, Branson sold Virgin Records for \$1 billion. By then, he had moved into many other industries, including publishing, beverages, and air travel. Today, the Virgin Group comprises about 200 companies in 30 countries and employs about 50,000 people.

Virgin Atlantic Airways, which Branson started in 1984, has long been Britain's second-largest international airline. However, Branson has always

dreamed about flying even higher. In 2004, he founded a space tourism company called Virgin Galactic. Anyone with \$200,000 to spare can go online and book a ticket to travel in space in the future.

Even when Branson isn't working, he enjoys flying high – and breaking records. In 1991, he broke the world speed record for traveling in a hot air balloon from Japan to Canada. Seven years later, he attempted to be first to circle the world in a balloon nonstop. But bad weather forced his team to stop, and they landed near Hawaii. In his typically positive way, Branson said, "The important thing is that, in the last seven days, we've just had the greatest adventure of our lifetimes." Branson certainly knows how to enjoy life to its fullest.

**B** Read the article and check (✓) True or False. For statements that are false, write the correct information.

		True	False
2. He too 3. He is o 4. You co	d Branson is a very quiet person. k risks recording unknown musicians. pilot for Virgin Atlantic Airways. n now travel in space with Virgin Galactic. n't break the record for going around the world in a balloon.		

### How long has it been?

A Write sentences. Use the present perfect continuous and for or since.

### Grammar note: for and since

Use for to describe a period of time.

Linda has been living in Seattle for three months.

I haven't been jogging for very long.

Use since to describe a point of time in the past.

Linda has been living in Seattle since she changed jobs.

I haven't been jogging since I hurt my foot.



Mia / work / model / three years
 Mia has been working as a model for three years.

 Ruth and Peter / go / graduate school / August
 Jim / study / Chinese / a year
 Maria / not teach / she had a baby
 Cindy / not live / Los Angeles / very long
 Felix and Anna / travel / South America / six weeks

**B** Write sentences about yourself. Use the phrases and clauses

in the box (or your own information), and for or since.

18 months a few weeks
2006 I was in high school ages this morning

1. I haven't been swimming t	
2	
3	
4	
5	half great tree by the second
6	



### Look at the answers. Write the questions.

Chris: What have you been doing lately? Alex: I've been working a lot and trying to stay in shape. Chris: \_\_ Alex: No, I haven't been jogging. I've been playing tennis in the evenings with friends. Chris: Really? \_\_\_\_\_ Alex: No, I've been losing most of the games. But it's fun. How about you? \_\_\_\_\_ Chris: No, I haven't been getting any exercise. I've been working long hours every day. Alex: \_ Chris: Yes, I've even been working on weekends. I've been working Saturday mornings. Alex: Well, why don't we play a game of tennis on Saturday afternoon? It's great exercise!

### Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: When I was a kid, I lived on a farm.
  - B.
    - Really? Tell me more.
    - Oh, have you?
    - So have I.
- 2. A: I haven't been ice-skating for ages.
  - B:
- Why were you?
- Wow! I have, too.
- · Neither have I.

- 3. A: I was a teenager when I got my first job.
  - B:
    - Really? Where do you work?
    - Really? That's interesting.
    - For five years.
- 4. A: I haven't seen you for a long time.
  - B:
    - I didn't know that.
    - Not since we graduated.
    - Hmm, I have no idea.

## Complete the answers to the questions. Use the past continuous or the present perfect continuous of the verbs given.

1.	A:	Have you been working here for long?
	B:	No, I haven't been working (work) here for very long
		only since January.
2.	A:	Were you living in Europe before you moved here?
	B:	No, I (live) in South Korea.
3.	A:	How long have you been studying English?
	B:	(study) it for about a year.
4.	A:	What were you doing before you went back to school?
	B:	(sell) real estate.
5.	A:	What have you been doing since I last saw you?
	B:	[ (travel) around the country.

## 10

## Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.



- I was getting dressed when my date
   arrived. (while)
   While I was getting dressed, my date arrived.
- 2. Todd was about 15 when he started saving up for a world trip. (teenager)
- I've been a fan of that TV show since I was a kid. (a long time)
- 4. I've had a part-time job for a year. (last year)
- 5. I've been spending too much money lately. (not save enough)
- 6. I haven't seen you for a long time. (ages)

## Good book, terrible movie!



Choose the correct words to complete these movie reviews.

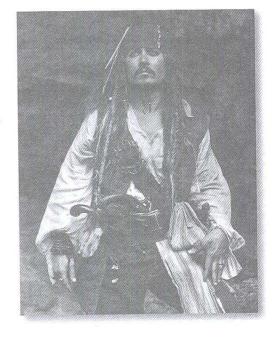
The Apocalypse	TODA Mov Revi	vie	The King's Speech
This adventure movie is bizarre. The first minutes haveamazingspecial efbecaudingbecaudingbecaudingbecaudingbecauding	fects. ise ir ally	making speeches, therapist. Maybe (interested / interestin	(fascinated / fascinating) eorge VI had a problem so he hired a speech it doesn't sound, but it's a must-see. ng) t acting and a hilarious script. Il be as

## Choose the correct words

great actor.

The latest Pirates of the Caribbean movie was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (absurd / disgusting / marvelous), and I'd love to see it again.
 I really enjoyed all of the X-Men movies. In fact, I think they're \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (terrible / terrific / boring).
 The special effects were great in Avatar.
 They can do such \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (dreadful / dumb / fantastic) things with 3-D technology these days.

 Christian Bale was \_\_\_\_\_\_ (horrible / ridiculous / outstanding) in The Dark Knight Rises. I think he's a really



### Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: I think that Keira Knightly is very pretty.
  - B: Oh, I do, too.
    - Oh, I do, too.
    - I don't like her either.
- 2. A: His new movie is the dumbest movie I've ever seen.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - Yeah, I liked it, too.
    - I didn't like it either.
- A: It's weird that they don't show more classic movies on TV. I really like them.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - I know. It's really wonderful.
    - I know. It's strange.

- 4. A: I think Morgan Freeman is a fabulous actor.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - Yeah, he's horrible.
    - Yeah, he's excellent.
- 5. A: The movie we saw last night was ridiculous.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - Yes, I agree. It was exciting.Well, I thought it was pretty good.

## 4

### Write two sentences for each of these categories.

- Things you think are exciting
   I think paragliding is exciting.
- Things you are interested in
- 3. Things you think are boring
- 4. Things you are disgusted by







horror romance musical	science fiction
Mon Class	sics
I The Phantom of the Opera (1925) This is a movie that keeps you glued to your seat! It's the story of a masked composer who haunts the Paris Opera House. This silent film stars Lon Chaney	A scene from the movie 2001: A Space Od <b>3 2001: A Space Odyssey</b> (1968) Directed by Stanley Kubrick, this is a sto about two astronauts who are on a fat mission in outer space. But it's the ship computer, HAL, who really steals the sh
as the Phantom.  2 The Wizard of Oz (1939) For the child in all of us. Watch Dorothy's adventures in the Land of Oz. Meet the Scarecrow, the Tin Man, and the Cowardly Lion. The film stars Judy Garland. She sings some of the greatest songs in movie	The African Queen (1951) One of the greatest love stories of all tistars Katharine Hepburn and Humphre Bogart. Hepburn is very cool to Bogart through most of the film, but she final falls in love with him at the end.

1.	a story about two people who fall in love:		
2.	a good movie for children to see:		
3.	a movie without talking:		
4.	. a movie with an unusual "star":		
C	Match the expressions in column A with their meanings in column B.		
A		3	
1.	glued to your seat	a. outstanding	
2.	steals the show	b. not be very interested in	
3.	out of this world	c. watching very carefully	
4.	be cool to	d. is the star	

Te	ell me more!
A	Rewrite these sentences. Use who or which.
1.	Star Wars is a movie. It has been very popular for a long time.
	Star Wars is a movie which has been very popular for a long time.
2.	Walk the Line is a movie. It is based on a true story about Johnny Cash.
3.	Elizabeth Taylor was an actress. She won two Academy Awards.
4.	Akira Kurosawa was a director. He was one of the most influential filmmakers in cinema.
5.	The Social Network is a great movie. It won a lot of awards.
6.	Jennifer Lopez is an actress, a dancer, and a singer. She's also a judge on a TV talent show.
C	Complete the sentences. Use that for things or who for people.
K	aren: Who is Mark Twain?
Pe	edro: Oh, you know him. He's an author <u>who</u>
	wrote a lot of novels about life in America in the 1800s.
K	aren: Oh, I remember. He wrote several stories
	people have to read in literature classes, right?
P	edro: Yes, but people love reading them for pleasure, too.  MARK TWAIN
	aren: What's his most popular book?
P	edro: I guess Adventures of Huckleberry Finn is the one
	is most famous. It's a work
	has been very popular since it was published in the 1880s.
	aren: Ah, yes, I think I've heard of it. What's it about?
Р	edro: It's about a boy has lots of adventures with his friend Tom Sawyer. It was
	one of the first American novels was written in the first person. It's Huck Finr

himself\_\_\_\_\_\_tells the story.

Karen: Now, that's a story \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'd like to read.

### Different kinds of movies

A Write definitions for these different kinds of movies. Use relative clauses and the phrases in the box.

has a love story has cowboys in it has lots of excitement has singing and dancing is scary makes you laugh shows real events
1. A western is a movie that has cowboys in it.
2. A romance
3. A comedy
4. An action film
5. A horror film
6. A musical
7. A documentary
Write one paragraph about each and give reasons for your opinions.  My Favorite Kind of Movie  I really like action movies. They are movies that make me forget about all my problems
я
My Least Favorite Kind of Movie
I don't like horror movies because I think they are really dumb. Usually, the story has characters who are not very scary

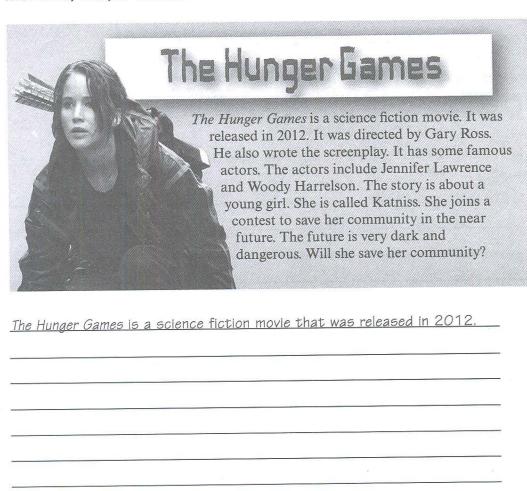
GD,	
28	30
~	88
-	160
	3

Complete these sentences. Use the words in the box.

	character composer special effects	
1.	I thought the	in the <i>Iron Man</i> movies were cool.
	It's incredible what they can do with comp	outers.
2.	Have you ever seen the 1965 film Doctor Z	hivago? The
	is beautiful, especially the lighting.	
3.	Hermione Granger is my favorite	in the
	Harry Potter books.	
4.	l've forgotten the name of the	who wrote
	Rhapsody in Blue. Was it George Gershwin?	?

10

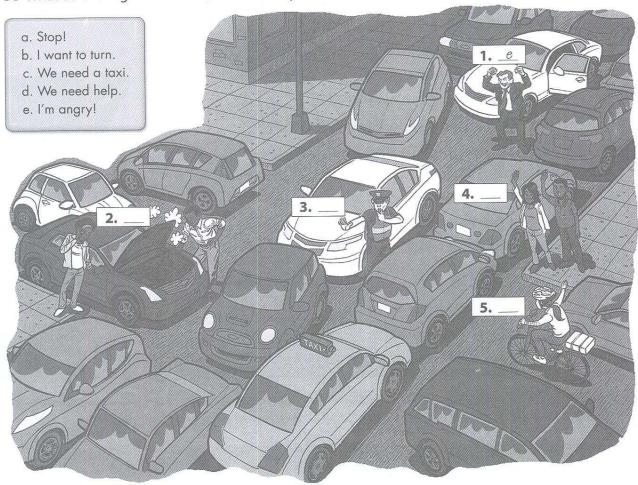
Rewrite this movie review. Where possible, join sentences with who, that, or which.



## So that's what it means!

### What does that mean?

A What do these gestures mean? Match the phrases in the box with the gestures.



**B** Write a sentence about each situation in part A using these phrases:

It could mean Maybe it means	It might mean Perhaps it means	It must mean
1. It must mean he's	angry.	
2		
4		

Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the words in the box. frustrate embarrass confuse annoy disgust 1. I got stuck behind a really slow bus on a narrow mountain road. I felt <u>frustrated</u> because I couldn't pass it. 2. That sign is really \_\_\_\_\_\_. What does it mean? It's not clear at all. 3. The food in that restaurant on the highway is \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'll never eat there again! 4. I drove for eight hours on a straight, flat road where the scenery never changed. I've never been so \_\_\_ 5. I couldn't get into the parking space, and everyone was looking at me. It was pretty \_\_\_\_\_ 6. I went bicycling all day. Now I'm so \_\_\_\_\_ that I'm going to sleep for 12 hours! 7. I asked the taxi driver to turn off his radio because the loud music was very \_ What would you say in each situation? Use the sentences in the box. Where's the restroom? That sounds crazy! Come here. Shh. Be quiet! 1. Your friend wants to dye his hair green and wear orange contact lenses.

What would you say in each situation? Use the sentences in the box.

Come here. Shh. Be quiet! That sounds crazy! Where's the restroom.

Your friend wants to dye his hair green and wear orange contact lenses.

You can't concentrate on the movie because the people in front of you are talking.

You wave to your friend because you want to show her something interesting.

You just ordered a meal and want to wash your hands before you eat.

A Match the proverbs with their meanings.

		Prov	VERBS	
	6	<ol> <li>Don't look a gift horse in the mouth.</li> <li>Easier said than done.</li> <li>An apple a day keeps the doctor away.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>4. There are plenty of fish in the sea.</li><li>5. If at first you don't succeed, try, try, again</li><li>6. The proof of the pudding is in the eating.</li></ul>	
	\ <u>-</u>	If you eat the right food, you will be healthy.	You can't be sure about something until you try it.	
		If someone gives you a present, you should enjoy it and not ask questions or complain about it.	Practice makes perfect, so you shouldn't stop trying. The harder you try, the more you'll be able to get what you want.	
		Don't worry if you love someone who doesn't return your love. You can always find someone else.	It's harder to do something than to talk about it.	
		nat would you say? Choose a proverb for ea		
1.	A: Oh, yuck. Those fried brains look disgusting.			
	B: Try them. They're delicious.  A: Really? Oh, they <i>are</i> good. I'm surprised!			
		See?	The last of the safety pages are at the	
2		Hey, what happened? You look so sad.	Minister States Ser or and factors	
۷.		You know that guy I was dating? Well, he sa	aid he didn't want	
		to see me anymore.		
	A:	Don't worry. You'll find someone else	greatly and the second	
		Thanks a lot. That really helps!	o sombile. Seevan auto-acces entitions granditions by a constitution of	
3.	A: You know, the person who sits next to me in class gave me these flowers for			
	my birthday. It was nice of him, but they're awkward to carry around. Why didn't			
		he give them to me at the end of the day i		
	B:			
		Just say thank you and don't complain.	still don't think I'll bother to take it again	
4.		You know what? I just failed my driving te		
	B:		You may pass next time!	

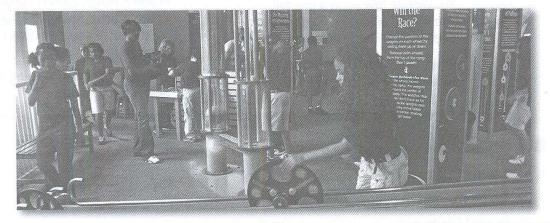
### What do you think these proverbs mean?

1.	Don't cry over spilled milk.	
	It could mean	
2.	Don't judge a book by its cover.	
	Maybe it means	
3.	There's no such thing as a free lunch.	
	It might mean	
4.	Bad news travels fast.	
	It probably means	32

## 6

### Complete the conversation. Use each phrase in the box only once.

Teacher: OK, class. This afternoon, we're going to take the



	school bus to the science museum.	it's definitely
Student 1:	Great! I'm going to take some photos.	you can
Teacher:	I'm afraid you're not allowed to take photos.	you have to you're not allowed to
Student 1:	But how can they stop me? I'll use my cell phone,	S you're not allowed to
	not a camera.	
Teacher:	check all your things with security.	
Student 2:	Can I take my jacket into the museum?	
Teacher:	I'm not sure best to leave it on the	bus.
Student 2:	But what about my wallet? It might not be safe on the bus.	
Teacher:	Oh, a good idea to keep your mon	ey with you.
	Keep it in your pocket.	
Student 3:	And what about touching things in the museum?	
Teacher:	There are "Don't touch!" signs next to some of the things.	
	But touch things if there is no sign	

it might be



## Complete the conversations between a driving instructor and his student. Use each word or phrase in the box only once.



1. Student: This is great!

Instructor: Hey, slow down! You aren't allowed to

go above the speed limit.

2. Student: Uh, what does that sign mean?

Instructor: It means you \_\_\_\_\_\_
turn left.

3. Instructor: You look confused.

Student: What ... what does that sign mean?

Instructor: You \_\_\_\_\_ turn left or

you \_\_\_\_\_\_ go straight.

4. Instructor: Why are you stopping?

Student: The sign says to stop.

Instructor: Actually, you \_\_\_\_\_\_stop.

Just be prepared to, if necessary.

5. Instructor: Hey, stop! Didn't you see that sign? It means

you \_\_\_\_\_ come to a

complete stop.

Student: What sign? I didn't see any sign.













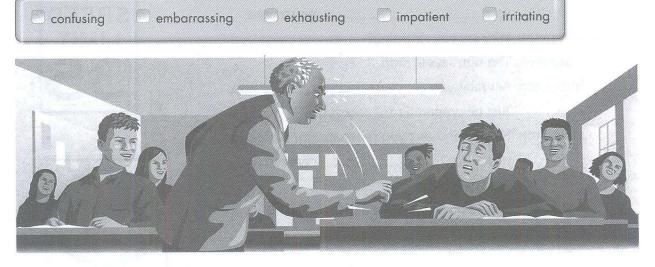
### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- 1. Maybe it means you're not allowed to fish here. (may)

  It may mean you're not allowed to fish here.
- 2. You can't light a fire here. (allowed)
- 3. Perhaps that sign means you're not allowed to swim here. (might)
- 4. I think that sign means you can get food here. (probably)
- 5. You need to be quiet after 10:00 P.M. (have got to)

## 9

### Complete each conversation using the words in the box.



- A: I fell asleep during class this afternoon.
   The teacher had to wake me up.
  - B: Oh, that's \_\_\_\_\_!
- A: I went to the movies last night. The couple who sat behind me talked during the entire movie.
  - B: That's \_\_\_\_\_\_!
- 3. A: I drove all night to get there on time.
  - B: Oh, that's \_\_\_\_\_!

    How can you keep your eyes open?

- 4. A: Did Anna give you directions to the party?
  - B: She did, but they're really

\_\_\_\_\_ . Hey, can I get a ride with you?

- 5. A: This movie is taking forever to download. Why does it have to take so long?
  - B: You are so \_\_\_\_\_!
    There, look. It's done!

# What would you do?

## I think I'd...

I Tr	ink I'd
	What would you do in these situations? Check (✓) an answer or the your own suggestion.
	Your classmate leaves her new smartphone in the classroom.
	run after her and give it back to her immediately take it home overnight to try it out
)	Someone climbs through your neighbor's window.
0.000	call the police ring the doorbell
3.	Your boss makes things difficult for you at work.
	talk to your boss look for another job
1	A friend sounds unhappy on the phone.
	ask your friend if he or she has a problem tell lots of jokes to make your friend laugh
	Write about what you would do in the situations part A. Use the phrases in the box.
	I'd I might I guess
1.	If my classmate left her new smartphone in the classroom, I think
	I'd run after her and give it back to her immediately.
2.	

	Complete these sentences with information about yourself.
	If a relative asked to borrow some money, I'd
	2. If I had three wishes,
	3. If I could have any job I wanted,
	4. If I had a year of vacation time,
	5. If I could change one thing about myself,
5	Choose the correct word.
	1. When I went back to the parking lot, I tried to get into someone else's
	carby mistake.
	(by / in / with)
	2. My friend to cheating on the biology exam, (returned / confessed / said)
	but his teacher still failed him.
	3. I'm in a difficult at work. I don't
	(divorce / predicament / problem)
	know whether to talk to my boss about it or just quit.
	4. If I saw someone in a store, (cheating / shoplifting / shopping)
	I'd tell the store manager immediately.
	5. My uncle died and left me \$20,000. I'm going to most of it.
	(invest / return / sell)
	6. I'd go to the police if I saw someone breaking
	(seriously / simply / straight)
	into a house.
	7. There is so much great music to download from the Internet. I don't know
	what to (choose / confess / fix)
	8. My aunt won't let me use her car because she thinks I'm a terrible driver.
	She has a I had two accidents last year!
	(flat tire / point / reward)

### What to do?

A Read the article. Match what happened to a possible action.

## What happened You sat on a park bench that had wet paint on it. You ruined your clothes. There was no "Wet Paint" sign. You checked your bank statement and noticed that there was a deposit of \$1,000. You didn't make the deposit. You're sure it was a bank error. You bought a camera on sale at a store, but it didn't work right. The salesclerk said, "We can't do anything You were not happy with the grade you got in an m important class. Your next-door neighbors borrowed your vacuum cleaner. When they returned it, it was damaged. A friend gave you an expensive vase for your birthday, but you didn't really like it. Possible actions I guess I'd take it back to the store and exchange it for something else. I guess I'd write a letter of complaint to the manufacturer. Maybe I'd ask them to repair it. I think I'd make an appointment to see the instructor to talk about it. I'd probably wait until the next month to see if the mistake is corrected. I'd write a letter to the city council and ask them to pay for the damage. **B** What would you do in each situation? Write another possible action.

## What would you have done in these situations? Use would have

wouldn't have.
Diana had dinner in a restaurant and then realized she
didn't have any money. She offered to wash the dishes.
I wouldn't have washed the dishes. I would have called
a friend to bring me some money.
John was on a bus when the woman next to him started talking
loudly on a cell phone. He asked her to speak more quietly.
Bill in the Line of the standard and Fridge hout thou same on
Bill invited two friends to dinner on Friday, but they came on
Thursday by mistake. He told them to come back the next day.
Bob's neighbors had their TV on very loud late at night.
Bob called and complained to the police.
Ellen had a houseguest who was supposed to stay for
three days, but the woman was still there three weeks
later. Ellen finally gave her a bill for her room and board.
Susan accidentally broke a glass at a friend's house.
She decided not to say anything about it.

6	Write two things you should have done or shouldn't have	done last we
anaral	last month, and last year.	

1.	Last week: Last week, I should have
2.	Last month:
3.	Last year:

98		1	- 66
	-		
	g.	10%	1
	8 1	M	1

### Advice column

			Ask 1	larriet
Dear Harriet,	12.04 ((19)	. 71 1:2	Managaman Kanada	er out with this roally
I've never written to an advice				
nice guy. He's very sweet to me, ar				
wedding next summer. But he has				
Sometimes he				
money because I want us to buy a				
with money, he				
too much. You never want to go ou	it and	yoursell	. Wildt Call I UU:	-J. M., Seume
Dear J. M., You and your boyfriend must	agree or	n how you spe	nd your money be	efore you get married
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:	at there is a problem,	you could pro	bably	an answer.
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:  He should you	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some	you could promoney. And y	obablyou shouldn't alwa	an answer.
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some	you could promoney. And y	obablyou shouldn't alwa	an answer.
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:  He should you	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some	you could promoney. And y	obablyou shouldn't alwa	an answer.  ays  ck!
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:  He should you  to go out and have fun. Don't	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some that i	you could pro money. And y calking can rea	obably ou shouldn't alwa ally help. Good lu	an answer.  ays  ck!
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:  He should you	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some that i	you could pro money. And y calking can rea	obably ou shouldn't alwa ally help. Good lu	an answer.  ays  ck!
You and your boyfriend must  If you both th:  He should you  to go out and have fun. Don't	at there is a problem, r idea of saving some that i	you could pro money. And y calking can rea	obably ou shouldn't alwa ally help. Good lu	an answer.  ays  ck!

A Complete each letter with the correct forms of the verbs in each box.

### To accept or to refuse?

A Complete the conversation with *would* or *should* and the correct tense of the verbs given.

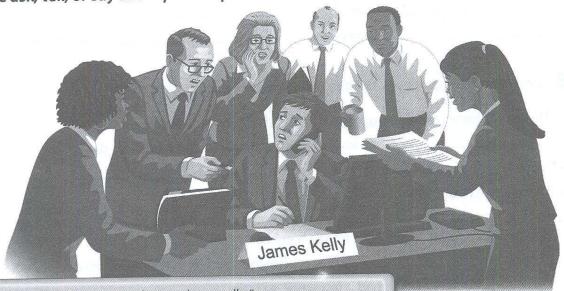
	C I T I A i i N	au Zaalan	d has offer	od ma a scho	larchin	
	Guess what, Tina! A university in N	ew Zealan	a nas onen	eu me a scho	iaisiiip.	
	Great! When are you going?	11		do.	(-1-):6	
Lacey:	That's just it. I may not go. What _		_ you	ao	(do) IT	
	your boyfriend asked you not to g					
Tina:	Well, I	(	try) to conv	ince him tha	t it's a	
	good opportunity for me.					
	I've tried that. He said I could stud					
Tina:	If I were you, I	100 100	_ (talk) to l	nim again. Yo	u know,	
	I once missed a big opportunity.					
Lacey:	Oh? What happened?					
Tina:	I was offered a job in Los Angeles,	but my hu	usband disl	iked the idea	of moving, so we	didn't
	go. l					
	my decision. In my situation, what	t	you _		(do)?	
Lacev	: Oh, I					
	: Well, there's the answer to your pr				o!	
	nat would you do if you were Lacey				trace trouve	
Wha	t would you do if you found a m	nagic lam	p? Compl	ete these se	ntences.	
1. Iw	ould hide it and come back for it	t later.				
2. Iw	ouldn't				15/13	
3. lc					_ // /	
	night	of Japan	89° N. SY			
	night not					
3				<b>&gt;.</b> .		



# What's your excuse?



People are making a lot of requests of James. Write the requests. Use ask, tell, or say and reported speech.



- 1. William: "James, take my phone calls."
- 2. Jenny: "Can you do an Internet search for me, James?"
- 3. Dave: "Could you check this flash drive for viruses?"
- 4. Anita: "James, put this information on a spreadsheet."
- 5. Linda: "Don't forget to add paper to the copier, James."
- 6. Ricky: "Reformat this text file as a PDF file."
- 7. Chuck: "Get me some coffee, James."
- 8. Katie: "Make five copies of the agenda before the meeting."
- 9. Pete: "Could you give me a ride home?"
- 10. Olive: "Don't be late to work again."

	and the base of the		
<u> </u>		090.751.75	
	A Process and an		

## Nouns and verbs

### A Complete the chart.

Noun	Verb Noun	Verb
acceptance	accept	criticize
-	apologize	excuse
	complain	invite
2	compliment	sympathize

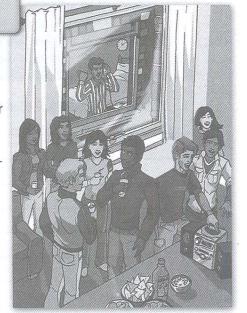
B	Complete the	ese sentences.	Use the	correct form	of the	words from	part A.
---	--------------	----------------	---------	--------------	--------	------------	---------

1.	This coffee tastes awful. I'm	going to	complain	to the waiter about it.
2.		an invitatio	n to Terry and	Anna's house for dinner.

- 5. My English teacher said my essay was excellent. It felt really nice to get a \_\_\_\_\_\_ from a teacher.
- 6. My parents \_\_\_\_\_\_ everything I do. I wish they weren't so negative.
- 7. I'm sorry you have the flu. I had it last week, so I can \_\_\_\_\_\_ with you.
- 8. I received an \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Janet's party. I can't wait to go.

## Choose the correct verb. Use the past tense.

	express give make offer tell
1.	made a complaint to the police because our
	neighbors' party was too noisy.
2.	Larry an excuse for being late for
	work. He said there had been a traffic jam on the highway.
3.	I couldn't go to the meeting, so I
	my concerns in an email.
4.	Wendy told me she was graduating from college, so
	I — her my congratulations.
5.	Jill was very funny at the class party. As usual,
	she lots of jokes.



### What a great excuse!

A Match the invitations with the excuses. Then underline the words and phrases that helped you.

### **Invitations**

Can you come to the movies on Saturday night? It's a Reese Witherspoon movie, and it starts at 9:00 at City Plaza. If you're free earlier, you could meet Ursula and me at Pizza Parlor around 8:00. Also, we thought we might go to a nightclub after the film. Hope you can make it!

Would you like to come to our barbecue on Sunday? It's going to start around noon. In case you've forgotten, we live at 2135 Main Street. We're going to have kebabs and BBQ chicken, but there will also be vegetarian food. You're a vegetarian, aren't you? Let me know.

Hi! Nicola and I are going hiking on Saturday or Sunday. We thought we'd start early and hike the Forest Hill trail. Nicola said to bring some food and plenty of water. Oh, and Phil might be joining us. If you can't make it, you'd better have a good excuse!

### Excuses

2

Thanks for your invitation. Unfortunately, I won't be able to make it. I have to work in the afternoon. I must say I'm really annoyed with my boss. She lives for her work and expects me to do the same. Anyway, enjoy yourselves!

I got your email – thanks. I'd love to come, but I'll be out of town all weekend. I'm going hiking, too. I hope you have a great time and that the weather is good.

b

Thanks for your email. I'm afraid I'm busy in the evening. It's my dad's 50th birthday, and I'm taking him and Mom out to dinner. But I might be able to come dancing later. Let's keep it open – OK?

**B** Read the excuses again. Who is going to do these things? Write a, b, or c.

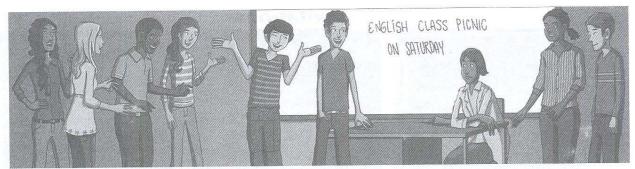
\_\_\_\_ be outdoors all weekend

\_\_\_\_ go out on the weekend

\_\_\_\_ work on the weekend

### Sorry, but ...

A The teacher wants to have a class picnic on Saturday. Look at the excuses that students gave her. Change each excuse into reported speech using say.



1	John: "I'm getting my hair cut."
	John said he was getting his hair cut.
	Maria: "My sister is having a baby shower."
3.	Jim: "I may have some houseguests on Saturday."
4.	Keiko and Rie: "We're going camping this weekend."
5.	Carlos: "I'm sorry, but I'll be busy on Saturday afternoon."
В	Change these excuses into reported speech using tell.
1.	Emma: "I signed up for a scuba diving class."
	Emma told her she had signed up for a scuba diving class.
2.	Tom and Kyle: "We'll be moving to our new apartment that day."
3.	Franco: "I watch the football game on TV every Saturday."
4.	Juliet: "I've already made plans to do something else."
C	Write excuses for three more students. Use your own ideas.
1.	* (4.92594 F5.73)
2.	Transmit Silve
3	WEAR-Y-ST

## What did they say?

A Match the reports of what people said in column A with the descriptions in column B.

Α		В	
1.	Charlie said he was really worried about Tina.  She seemed very depressed	a.	giving a compliment
2.	William told me he was sorry to hear about my sick grandmother.	b.	offering sympathy
3.	Ruth said she would be studying on Saturday night. (But she'll actually be at the movies.)	C.	expressing a concern
4.	Robert told me he couldn't come for dinner on Friday. He said he had to work late	d.	telling a lie
5.	Ben told Linda her new blouse was very pretty.	e.	making an excuse

**B** Write each person's original words.

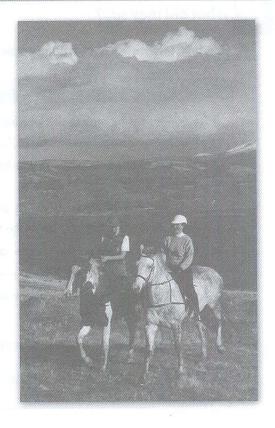
		"I'm really worried about Tina. She seems very depressed."
3.	Ruth: _	
4.	Robert:	The state of the s
5.	Ben:	



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	230	13		
	90	6	à	
	7	Segment 1		
	ř.	8		
	is:			

### Choose the correct responses

C/	100	ose the correct responses.
١.	A:	We're going to go horseback riding. Do you want to join us?
	B:	
		<ul><li>Sorry, I won't be able to.</li><li>What's up?</li></ul>
2.	A:	I'm really sorry. We'll be out of town this weekend.
	B:	
		<ul><li>I've made other plans.</li><li>No problem.</li></ul>
3.	A:	Meet us at 7:00. OK?
	B:	
		<ul><li>Oh, that's all right.</li><li>Sounds like fun.</li></ul>
4.	A:	I'm sorry. I won't be able to make it.
	D.	



## 8

### Yes or no?

Great.

• Well, never mind.

f A Which expressions would you use to accept an invitation? refuse an invitation? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answer.

	Accept	Refuse			Accept	Refuse
<ol> <li>I'm really sorry.</li> <li>Great.</li> <li>Sounds like fun.</li> <li>I've made other plans.</li> </ol>			6. 7.	I won't be able to make it. I'm busy. Thanks a lot. I'd love to.		

**B** Use the expressions in part A to accept or refuse these invitations. Offer an excuse if you refuse.

1. Would you like to come to a soccer match with me tomorrow?

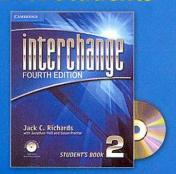
2. That new action movie looks great! Do you want to see it with me?

3. A friend asked me to go to the mall after class. Do you want to join us?





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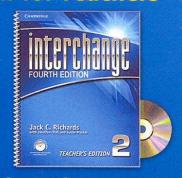
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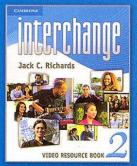
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